

LADIES' CORNER.

EXTRACTS

From the Lecture on Poetry, recently delivered by W. d Beckett, Esq., at the School of Arts.

"Let not such an art be desecrated; the muse shrinks from profanation; though, truly, for the most part, she has been well and nobly worshipped. Sometimes, indeed, she may be won to fling a transient halo over vice, but her abiding smile, her undying charms, are for virtue, for the holy suitor, the pure, though fervent, devotee.

"The skeptic, indeed, may press her into his service to give point to his venom or his scorn, but it is a violation from which the muse revolts, nor can her abuser fail to discover how ungenial with his own is the spirit he has forced to give birth to his unrighteous lays. What, indeed, has he to do with song, who doubts the brightest truths that song can breathe, who sneers at Love, who scoffs at Faith, who mocks at Charity, who laughs at Hope?

"I presume, a mechanic has a soul; that he has an eye for the beauties of nature, an ear for the harmonies of number, and a mind adapted to the conception, as it is destined for the duration, of eternity. Whilst he listens, then, to the scientific truths which unfold to him the principles of his own art, and enable him to pursue it with more skill and profit, shall he shut his ear to those diviner teachings, of which the learning shall survive when matter is no more; or does he indeed think that beyond this world he may apply his knowledge of the screw and lever?

"Oh, let not Poetry be called a dream, a phantasy! nay, rather term it a presiding divinity; that influences us all, though so few are alive to its presence. And yet it is strange that the faith which lifts the eye to Heaven, should doubt the lights that came from Heaven; should be blind to the flowers that lie at its feet, yet see distinctly the roses that bloom afar. Yet thus it is. How few of us ever quit the busy walk in which we are engaged, or pause in the midst of it, to cast a thought within, or reflect on what we see around us! The beauties of external nature fall dead upon our senses, the sun sets and rises, the moon beams, and the stars glimmer, but who gazes on the glorious sights, or gazing, lifts, with his eyes, the soul to which they appeal? But there are other lights nearer and brighter, which we equally fail to enjoy; our children play around us innocent and joyful, or climbing our knees invoke our sympathy and attention, but, alas! they disturb some thoughts that are bent on the day's cares or the morrow's hopes, and we are too busy to smile, if we are not almost tempted to frown.

"And yet how beautiful is infancy! go, if you cannot spare a moment in their waking hours to listen to their prattle, go to their midnight couches, and view them sleeping—gaze, till perchance the thought comes over you that to innocence alone belongs such tranquil slumber, and you will experience what it is to feel the influence of poetry. You will find that it is no illusion. Wealth, name, station, vanity, ambition, these are the real shadows we pursue; these are the unsubstantial cheats that mock us with their seeming good. From their delusions Poetry would warn and save us, leading us instead to those eternal realities, of which none but the Poet can form an adequate and worthy idea."

THE ARROWAWK WOMEN.—Mr. Scoble, at the Conversazione of the Aboriginal Protection Society said, he had been much struck with the advanced state of civilization of this people (the Arrowawks,) in 1836. He found both males and females all decently clothed; which was a thing scarcely known among the Indians of South America, who were a wild, uncultivated, savage people. He found them on the sabbath day particularly well dressed. He found that his black friend had married a black woman, who was exceedingly clever with her needle, and had gone among the Indian women and taught them how to make clothing. They had abandoned polygamy and the usual vices of a savage life: the institution of marriage

was regarded, and the family tie was more binding than before. They were exceedingly anxious that their children should receive "the white man's knowledge;" they had got enough information to value what the white man knew, and to desire to have their children educated in that knowledge. They had even abandoned their Indian names, so anxious were they to get rid of the habits of savage life; and John, and Thomas, and Richard, were quite common among them. Only one woman at the station retained her Indian name—the widow of a chief; and she did it, she said, because her husband was a good man, and she desired to bear him always in remembrance. On parting with him in 1836 he (Mr. S.) met five of the chief persons in the chapel house, and asked them what he should say for them to the Christian men and women of England. After a pause of about twenty minutes, one of them rose and said—"Tell the people of England, that we Arrowawks have received the gospel, and we love it, and are most anxious that it should be received by all the Indians;" another rose, and added—"And tell the christians of England to pray for the poor Arrowawks, that they may be kept steadfast in what they believe and know." The woman just referred to listened to all this, and being asked if she had any thing to say, answered—"Yes; tell the women of England, that christianity has raised us to be the companions of the men; we were formerly their slaves, but now we are their companions, and they treat us kindly; oh! the gospel has done much for the Arrowawks; but you must send us a schoolmaster." In 1838 he visited this interesting people again. He found the chapel enlarged, and the attendants nearly 400, and the Arrowawks from different parts were coming into that station, and to another which had grown up under Mr. Peters, the black man, on another creek. At that new station a marriage took place while he was there, in an Arrowawk family; and when the question was put to the bride, a very beautiful young woman, whether she would take the bridegroom for her wedded husband, she was silent and would not assent, and at last said—"I cannot say 'Yes' to the question, because this man wishes to be my husband with whom I have lived after the Indian fashion in times past, has treated me barbarously; he has beaten me most cruelly, he has injured me often, he has made me his slave." The Arrowawk stood self-convicted; and when the question was put to him, "Is this true?" he replied—"It is true, but ask of her whether I ever treated her barbarously since I have become a praying man." "Oh! no, he has not," she said, "with an eye glistening with satisfaction;" and if I could but know he would continue a praying man, I could say 'Yes' most readily." He then solemnly promised before the whole congregation, that he would treat her as a wife should be treated; and she promptly and frankly extended her hand and said, "Yes." He (Mr. Scoble) mentioned this incident, to show that they were a thinking people, and that the women felt the value of Christianity.

DENTIFRICE.—The following is one of the best receipts for tooth-powder:—Take of prepared chalk six ounces, cassia powder half an ounce, orris-root, an ounce. These are to be well mixed, and may be coloured with red lake, or any other innocent substance, according to the fancy of the user. This dentifrice is to be used with a firm brush every morning; the teeth should also be brushed before going to bed, but it is seldom necessary to use the powder more than once a day.

SINGULAR FACT.—It is well known that the republic of the Bees is proverbially remarkable for wisdom and foresight, especially in matters connected with the seasons. The forward smiles of the present spring, however, have led even sage wisdom astray; for on the 28th of last month the tenants of a hive belonging to Mr. Peter Brownridge, of Emscote, near this town, invited by the sunny warmth, burst forth prematurely into a swarm, and were securely housed by their astonished and delighted owner. We understand the usual period is the end of the next month.

—WARWICK ADVERTISER, MAY 25.

FIRST GLASS.

The following Letter, addressed to the Editor, appears in the LAUNCESTON ADVERTISER, of the 5th inst.

SIR,—It appears from a letter in the "Launceston Courier," signed by the *mimomer*, "Moderation," (for the person signing it admits he drinks ardent sprits—grog—which no member of the Moderation Society drinks) that the cause of Temperance was not pleaded at the last meeting in this town, according to the liking of this grog drinker and his friends "Spectator and Quietus:" so he reports a conversation held over a glass of grog, to show how this cause ought to be advocated. One might have supposed, without being told, from the strain of the conversation, that it was the chit-chat of grog drinkers, and that not over the FIRST glass, after returning from the Temperance meeting.

Passing over some remarks in the conversation, which are very natural certainly to a grog-drinking company, these gentlemen appear annoyed, because temperance was pleaded for at the last meeting on religious grounds. Temperance truly was pleaded for on the ground of religion at the meeting, but it was also advocated on the grounds of philanthropy and patriotism. For whilst it was shown that the soul of the drunkard is sinking into eternal ruin, it was made as clear as noon day, that every man who loves his children, his home, his friends, and his country, ought from motives of affection, friendship and patriotism, as well as love to God, and a desire for the salvation of his fellow men, to help forward the cause of Temperance. But it appears that advancing religious arguments in connection with others in favor of Temperance, was going too far for these grog-drinking gentlemen. It is very natural that they should not like those arguments which condemn their own practice. Then these grog-drinkers intimate, that if they were to advocate the cause of Temperance *in public* (do they advocate it in private?) they must be identified with the peculiar religion of the leaders of the society. Poor men! it might be supposed they had taken a glass before they went to the meeting; for if they had been free from its influence, and had opened their eyes and ears there, they must have been made sensible that the Temperance Society belongs to no particular sect of the religious world, but is advocated by Christians in general; for at that meeting, although the speakers belonged to different denominations, they united as citizens, philanthropists, patriots and christians, in advocating the common cause of Temperance. But these patriotic and philanthropic grog-drinkers have let out the secret (as men generally do over their cups) of their opposition to the Temperance Society, or their reason for not joining it or publicly advocating it, which is this: If they advocate Temperance, they are afraid they shall be thought religious. This reason, which is a compound of grog and infidelity, is certainly worthy of a confirmed grog-drinker. Thus fear induces these grog-drinking gentlemen to state—"they think it prudent to abstain from any public participation in the labours of the Society." Yet they admit that the Society might be defended upon grounds of "philanthropy and patriotism;" but for fear they should be thought religious, they sacrifice their philanthropy and patriotism—Let men remain drunkards, and drink their grog. Worthy friends of morality! glorious patriots!! astonishing reformers!!! Surely we might as well expect to hear the burning mountain of Vesuvius call upon the sea to extinguish its liquid fires, as you pleading the cause of Temperance.

I am, Sir, Yours, &c.

PATRIOT.

A lady in the States, on dispensing with the services of a faithful servant girl, gave her the following letter of recommendation:—"Madam, Suky Day lived with me won yer an leven months cookin bakin and bruin an is a huseful kind of body she is werry honest band I never now her to be in licker an she has noe sweet arts."

WEEKLY SUMMARY.

His Excellency, the Governor and Lady Gipps returned to town on Friday from an excursion into the interior: their reception amongst the aristocracy of the bush seems to have been highly flattering.—The Government are about to establish a Printing Office, of which Mr. Kitchen is to be the director.—V. & E. Solomon are selling coal at 31s. per ton; whilst the Steam Navigation Company have advanced their fares to Wollongong in consequence of a rise of 75 per cent in the price of coal.—£1,000 has been voted by the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, for the year 1840, and a like sum for next year, to be placed at the disposal of the Bishop of Australia, for the purpose of assisting in building churches in New South Wales.—The committee of the Gas Company are making all the requisite arrangements for lighting the town at a very early period: several respectable tradesmen have been appointed Gas-Fitters, and Mr. Bowden as the vender of the Company's fittings, &c. The scale of charges, contrasted with the ordinary expence of lighting with candles or oil, exhibits the economy and recommends the advantage of using the more luxurious and brilliant light.—The 'Chronicle' says,—“We understand that the Very Reverend Vicar General Murphy has it in contemplation to form a Temperance Society in Sydney, much upon the principle of Father Mathew's association. We believe Mr. Murphy intends to leave it optional with the postulants to take the Temperance pledge with definite restrictions, or that of Total abstinence. Persons of all creeds may join it. The Rev. John Rigney of Wollongong is also about to form a similar association in that district, and we sincerely hope the good work will extend to every part of the Colony.”—A publican named Aytton, was yesterday fined £5 for serving a drunken soldier with liquor.

TOTAL ABSTINENCE SOCIETY.

(Abridged from the "Australasian Chronicle.")

The members of this society held their weekly district meeting in the Mechanics' School of Arts, Pitt-street, on Thursday evening. The theatre of the institute was well filled with a very respectable audience, who listened with the greatest attention to the arguments adduced by the several speakers on the interesting and important subject of temperance; a subject which is daily engrossing more and more the attention, not only of the labouring part of the community, but also of the rich; and which has forced itself upon the consideration of the learned and the great, both in Ireland, England, and Scotland. We were glad to observe a tolerably fair share of the audience was composed of the juvenile classes, a considerable number of the fair sex were also present, and their smiling faces and neat dresses testified that the principles of total abstinence had been productive of the happiest results to them and their connexions. The society appears to be increasing very rapidly in numbers, and there can be little doubt that, if carried on in the same spirited and energetic manner as heretofore, it will, ere long, make some very considerable advances on the strongholds of drunkenness—that fearful monster, which has hitherto been the bane of this fine and important colony. Another pleasing feature in the society is the absence of all sectarianism; there appears to be at present the greatest unanimity prevailing amongst the members; and if this spirit can be maintained amongst them, there can be no doubt of the Sydney Total Abstinence Society becoming one of paramount importance and extensive usefulness.

One of the speakers urged the subject of sobriety, the best preservative of which was total abstinence, upon his fellow inhabitants of Australia at the present time. There was every probability that they would shortly be called upon to exercise privileges great and paramount; privileges the exercise of which would affect, not only themselves, but future generations, and which they could not exercise with a sound discretion if they suffered themselves to be led captive by their animal appetites and evil passions. How could

the man whose brain was muddled and feverish with strong drink exercise a cool, collected judgment on those political questions which were of such great importance to his wellbeing in this world? How could he exercise the political rights he might possess with justice towards himself and his neighbours if he habitually drowned his reason in the contents of the bowl? He alluded to the wonderful progress of temperance in Ireland, under Father Mathew, and said that he had watched it closely, and felt convinced that it was the work of Providence; and it would be seen that by means of total abstinence the demon of drunkenness would fly from the shores of Ireland, and she would shortly become pre-eminent among the nations of the earth for her morality, and her consequent prosperity. He appealed in a most forcible and eloquent strain to those Irishmen who might have signed the pledge administered to them by Father Mathew not to disgrace themselves, not to disgrace that great and good man, but above all not to disgrace their country, which was now assuming such a high position, by falling victims to those snares and temptations which this country presented. He felt particularly anxious that the name which Ireland was now making for herself over the world should not be tarnished or disgraced by her sons in Australia. He trusted that they would continue sober men, that they would devote the energies of their minds and of their bodies to the advancement of their adopted country, and that they would be able to eat of her abundant crops, raised by their industry on their own farms, and in their own cottages; and that grain which a bountiful Providence had bestowed upon them would never be carried away from their doors to be distilled into whiskey, but that it would nourish their own happy families, and contribute to the comforts of their own homes.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Births.

At Brisbane Town, Moreton Bay, on the 24th of September last, Mrs. James Warner, of a daughter.

On the 9th inst., at Macquarie-place, Sydney, Mrs. Adam Roxburgh, late of Darnaway-street, Edinburgh, of a son.

On Monday, the 16th inst., at the Parsonage, Windsor, the lady of the Rev. H. T. Stiles, of a son.

On the 18th inst., the lady of J. W. Smith, Esq., D. A. C. G., of a son.

At Vauderville, on the 21st instant, Mrs. Wild, of a son.

At Glenmore, lately, the lady of Capt. Clarke, of the 'Indus,' of a daughter, still-born.

Deaths.

After a short illness, at the Parsonage, Castle-reagh, on the 17th inst., the Rev. Henry Fulton, B. A., aged 79. He departed this life a glorious instance of those Gospel truths he inculcated from the pulpit for the last forty years. His latter moments were calm and peaceful, and his hopes of another and a better state rested solely on the all-sufficiency of a crucified Redeemer. It may be truly said, he never made an enemy or lost a friend.

On Thursday, the 19th inst., Margaret, the beloved wife of George Rust, Esq., sincerely regretted.

On Saturday last, at the residence of Mr. J. H. Ward, Elizabeth-street North, aged 32 years, Cordelia, eldest daughter of the late Mr. Samuel Larkin, of Parramatta.

Recently James M'Intosh, aged eleven months, youngest son of William M'Intosh, Engineer, Sussex-street, Sydney.

At his residence, Pitt-street, on Monday morning, the 23rd November, Mr. John Cuff, for many years Inspector of the Sydney Police.

At her residence at Concord, on Wednesday, the 18th instant, Mrs. Eleanor Frazer, aged 83 years. Mrs. Frazer was a "first fleet," having arrived on the formation of the Colony.

Accidentally, at Wainati, New Zealand, on the 11th October, Arthur, eldest son of the Rev. Mr. Taylor, of the Church Missionary Society, aged 10 years.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

Arrivals.

November 18th.—'Regulus,' Hunter master, from London, June the 24th, with merchandise. 'Helena,' Caurind master, from the Cape of Good Hope, September the 13th, with wine. 'Royal George,' Richards master, from London, August 1st, with merchandise and passengers. 'Eden,' Naylor master, from Sheerness, July 11th, with male convicts.

19th.—'Exporter,' Walsh master, from Twofold Bay, with cattle, &c.

20.—H. M. brig 'Britomart,' Captain Stanley, from the Bay of Islands, the 4th instant.

22nd.—'Eurdora,' Addison master, from Hobart Town, the 13th inst., with sugar, &c.

23rd.—'Munford,' Parker master, from Hobart Town, the 14th instant.

24th.—'Enterprise,' Barber master, from Adelaide, 'London,' Gibson master, from Port Phillip, with sundries.

Departures.

November 18th.—'Woodlark,' Abbott master, for the whale fisheries.

19th.—'Emma,' Watt master, for the Mauritius.

20th.—'Christina,' Birkinshaw master, for Port Phillip, with sundries. 'Triton,' (Wesleyan Missionary schooner), Buck master for New Zealand.

22nd.—'Thomas Laurie,' Price master, for the Bay of Islands. 'Jean Henri,' Medville master, for Bourbon, with sundries.

23rd.—'William Harris,' Terry master for India.

EAST GOSFORD.—NEW STORE.

THE Inhabitants of East-Gosford, and Settlers in the District of Brisbane Water, are respectfully informed that the undersigned will open his new Store on the Victoria Wharf, on Saturday, the 21st instant, with a complete assortment of Goods of the best description; and as his prices are, with the exception of the freight equally low with the Sydney market, he solicits a continuance of that patronage which he has so liberally experienced.

The undersigned has nearly completed his Stone Wharf, which will enable the Company's Steamers to discharge and take in cargo alongside; he will also be prepared to store Timber and other produce intended for the Steamers in the course of ten days, when the inconvenience which has hitherto prevented back freight will be obviated, and a full cargo to Sydney, even for a dozen steamers may with certainty be depended upon.

E. H. HARGRAVES.

Wanted—six pairs sawyers, two carpenters, and labourers.

MORNING WRAPPERS.

J. RICKARDS has just received a case of the above. Also, a case of Ladies fashionable trimmed Night Caps, Girls White Pelisses, colored Jean Frocks and Pellisses, Infants Long and short Robes and Frock Bodies, French Cambric Caps and Infants Trimmed Night Caps. Thread Laces, Grecian and Victoria Boots and Shoes, &c.

FINE WHITE SHIRTS.

ON Sale at RICKARDS', opposite the Commercial Bank:—
Fine Linen and Long Cloth Shirts, with Lawn and Linen Fronts, Collars, &c.
Linen and Cambric Collars and Fronts
Men's strong Night Shirts
Merino and Flannel Vests
Boy's and Youth's Shirts

Also a large assortment of Black and Coloured Silk and Satin Handkerchiefs, printed Bandannas, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Silk and Satin Stocks and Scarfs; White, Straw, Drab and colored Kid Gloves; Lisle Thread, Berlin, Dog, Buck, and Doeskin Gloves, India Rubber, Cotton, and silk Braces, &c.

AUSTRALIAN AND ITALIAN MARBLE WORKS,

100, Pitt-street, Sydney, (a few doors from King-street.)

WILLIAM PATTEN begs respectfully to acquaint the Gentry of Sydney and New South Wales, that he has just received several blocks of COLONIAL MARBLE, which has been procured under his own superintendence (from the Estate of P. Stuckey, Esq.,) being the finest specimens ever offered to the Australian Public. W. P. has also on hand the largest stock of Italian Marble in block, and manufactured in the Colony.

Also,

Chimney Pieces, Tablets, Tombs, Head Stones, &c., and having by the last arrival received additional workmen from Britain, W. P. will be able to execute any orders committed to his care, superior in elegance of design and workmanship to any other house in New South Wales. Chimney Pieces, Tablets, &c., packed with the greatest care, and forwarded to all parts of the Colony. A large quantity of prepared Plaster always on hand.

November 16th, 1840.

TO LANDED PROPRIETORS AND OTHERS.

THE Undersigned will be happy to take charge of the landed or household property of persons temporarily absent from the Colony, or of trust Estates.—Security and unquestionable references will be given.—Several valuable properties to be sold or let on lease.

JOHN CAMPBELL.

Surveyor and Estate Agent.

Parramatta, and at King-street East, Sydney. }

ON SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned,

Tea—Hyson Skin

Hyson

Caper Souchong

Gunpowder

Sugar—Mauritius

Manilla

Hambro' Loaves

Provisions—Irish Pork

Hambro' ditto

York Hams

Bacon

Colonial Pork

Irish Butter

Fruit—Cape Raisins

Smyrna ditto

Currants

Figs

Bloom Raisins

Muscateils

Fine Flour

Negrohead Tobacco

Manilla Cigars

Colonial Tobacco

Starch, Blue, Pearl Ash, Soda, English and Colonial Cheese, Almonds, soft shell and Jordan, Black and white Pepper, Jamaica Ginger, Brown and ground Ginger, Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves, Bottled Fruits, Jams and Jellies, Lozenges, Comfits, prepared Groats and Barley, Macaroni and Vermicelli, white and brown Windsor Soap, Spanish Juice, Treacle, Basket Salt, Reck, fine, and Liverpool Salt, wax, sperm, and dip Candles, and every article in the line at a small per centage on the English cost price.

REES JONES.

60, & 62, George-street.

TIME.

CHRONOMETERS, Lever, Duplex, Horizontal and Vertical Watches (English, French, and Geneva), cleaned, repaired, and accurately timed, with the utmost despatch.

A stock of superior London manufactured Watches and Jewellery always on hand; Sheffield plated Goods, Cutlery, &c.

W. C. HARVIE,

Practical Watchmaker, 72, George-street, five doors south of the Royal Hotel.

November 20th, 1840.

Wholesale and Retail Drapery and Bonnet Warehouse.

BONNETS, &c.—Just Landed, Thirty cases and hats, Tuscan and Dunstable straw bonnets Five cases of Rutland ditto ditto Ten cases of ladies' shoes and boots Two cases of silk umbrellas and parasols Two cases of coloured muslin dresses Four cases of Ladies' work boxes Writing desks and dressing cases Four cases of wax dolls, dressed and undressed Thirty cases of prints Twenty ditto long cloth sheetings, &c.

AT MRS. HORDERN'S,

12, King-street, between Pitt & Castlereagh-street. November 17th, 1840.

SPECTACLES, &c.

JUST received from J. P. CUTTS'S (Optician to the Queen by Royal appointment), London and Sheffield, and on sale by the undersigned—Spectacles and Preserves Day and Night Glasses Telescopes, with and without stands Microscopes Thermometers Gunter's Scales and Parallel Rules Drawing Instruments, in cases Magnetic Sun Dials Compasses Thermometers, with Sun Dials Sea and Land Measures Single Observation Quadrants Double ditto, Tangent Ditto ditto, and Vertical Ebony and Metal Sextants.

IRVING, LAMB, & CO.

George-street, Nov. 24, 1840.

AUSTRALIAN GAS-LIGHT COMPANY.

CHARGES FOR GAS.

THE Charges of this Company, for the Gas-lights most generally in use, will be at the following rates per quarter, viz:—

10 hole argand—From dusk till nine o'clock, six nights a week, £1 10s.

Ditto till ten ditto, ditto, £2.

15 ditto ditto—Ditto till nine ditto, ditto, £2. Ditto till ten ditto, ditto, £2 10s.

Jet, for hall or passage, from dusk till eleven o'clock, seven nights a week, £1.

Detailed price lists will be ready for distribution in a few days.

The comparative cost of an equal quantity of light, at the present Colonial prices, will be—

From Sperm Oil..... 12s.

From Tallow Candles.... 10s. 4d.

From Gas..... 5s. 5d.

By order of the Committee of Works, R. MANSFIELD, Secretary.

Gas Company's Office, }
Nov. 23, 1840.

AUSTRALIAN GAS-LIGHT COMPANY.

GAS-FITTINGS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of this Company have appointed Mr. T. W. BOWDEN, of George-street, Sydney, to be the Vendor of the Company's Gas-fittings, which are now on sale at his Shop; and that Licenses have been granted to the undermentioned persons as GAS-FITTERS to the Company, for the period of six months from this date:—

Messrs. William Bourne, of Sussex-street;

Thomas Cummins, of Pitt-street;

John Ducros, of George-street South;

Kenrick Hampson, of George-street South;

William John Jones, of George-street South; and

George Morrison, of William's-buildings, Hunter-street.

By order of the Committee of Works,

R. MANSFIELD, Secretary.

Gas Company's Office, Sydney, }
November 18, 1840.

AUSTRALIAN GAS-LIGHT COMPANY.

SERVICE PIPES.

THIS Company being now ready to lay down SERVICE PIPES, for conveying Gas from the Mains to the premises of Consumers, persons wishing to be supplied therewith are informed, that the mode of application is by written requisition to the Secretary; for which purpose Printed Forms may be obtained, gratis, either at the Company's Office, Pitt-street, or at the shop of Mr. T. W. Bowden, George-street, or of any of the Licensed Fitters.

The charge for laying down the Service Pipe including opening the ground and making it good again, is twenty shillings.

By order of the Committee of Works,

R. MANSFIELD, Secretary.

Gas Company's Office, Sydney, }
November 19, 1840.

N.B.—The Penalty imposed by the Act of Council upon any person laying a Pipe to communicate with any Pipe belonging to the Company, without the Secretary's consent in writing first had and obtained, is forty shillings per day for every day such Pipe shall so remain.

MESDAMES JONES AND REID

BEG respectfully to inform the Ladies of Sydney and the Interior, that they have just received, by the latest arrivals, a choice selection of Fashionable Goods, consisting of the undermentioned articles, all of the newest style.

Fashionable Millinery.

A large assortment of artificial flowers and brides A choice selection of very superior French satins, figured and plain, for dresses, in black, white, and colors

Black and colored plain and figured gros

Black and colored sarsnets and Persians

French blonde dresses, scarfs, pelerines, collars, and deme veils

Rich gossimer and sprigged blonde for dresses Egyptian, Brussels lace, and wire ground shawls, of the newest designs

Brussels and wire ground lace mantillas, scarfs, capes, collars, berthas and shawls

Bregantine Sicilian blonde gauze scarfs and shawls Zephyr China crape, brocaded and plain scarfs and handkerchiefs

Colored chaly scarfs and handkerchiefs

Swiss checked and striped lace, muslins, book and sprigged ditto

Colored muslins, of the latest patterns

French blonde lace and edgings, ditto black blondes and edgings

Black French and English laces

Thread wire, ground and lisle lace and edging

French worked muslin capes, habit shirts, collars and cuffs

Worked edgings, insertions, and French cambric crowns

Velours for bonnets, white and colored.

A great variety of the newest French sarsnet bonnet and cap ribbons, satin and gauze ditto ditto

Long and short lace gloves and mitts

Superior silk embroidered plain and fancy ditto

French kid gloves, white and colored

Ladies' embroidered and plain pearl silk hose

Plain and embroidered black silk ditto

Superior white cotton hose, ditto children's plain and lace hose

Bombazines and crapes in great variety

Black French merino

French mouslin de laines in black and grey

Mourning flowers pelerines, collars and cuffs

Embroidered printed and plain mousline de laines

Crape trimmings, superior black, white and colored chinelle

Girdles, tassels, cords, and fringes

Rolled jaconets, foundation muslin, sewing silks, cotten wires.

54 Pitt-street, opposite the School of Arts.

November 25th, 1840.

A CARD.

W. BEAUMONT, Builder, Carpenter, Joiner, and Cabinetmaker, George-street South, between the Haymarket and Old Toll-bar, begs leave to acquaint his friends and the public in general that he has commenced business in the above line; and hopes, by strict attention to business, punctuality, and despatch, to merit a share of their patronage. Shops, &c., fitted up on the shortest notice.

N. B. Furniture of the best description constantly for sale.

FOR SALE.

At W. Wyatt's Stores, Pitt-Street.

W. has just received, 30 casks and cases, containing coloured Moroccos, Roans, Lamb, and Kidd skins, Black Chamois, Bookbinders' Calf skins, Upholsterers' and Hatters' skivers, Jockey boot-legs and tops, Lastings, Linings, and Bindings, No. 30 Thread, Sewing-silks, Parchment, &c.; with all kinds of Curriers and Shoemakers tools, also the usual assortment of Colonial Sole, Kip and Harness Leather, Kangaroo, Calf and Sheep skins, Pitch and Resin, Copperas, Allum and Lamp black.

N. B. Country stores, and the trade supplied as usual with Articles, warranted.
Terms Cash.

No. 1 of the Temperance Advocate.

WANTED, fifty copies of the First Number of this publication, for which six-pence per copy will be paid. Those subscribers who do not intend to bind up the volume at the end of the year will much oblige the Editor by sending the above to the Office.

ROCHESTER HOUSE.

MILLINERY & DRESS MAKING ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 100, Pitt-street, Sydney,
(A few doors from King-street.)

MRS. PATTEN begs to return her thanks to the Ladies of Sydney and New South Wales, for the patronage with which she has been honored, for several years past; also to acquaint them, that having made arrangements with several young ladies just arrived in the Colony, from some of the first Houses in London, as assistants in the Millinery and Dress Making, she will be able to execute any favors conferred upon her with a degree of punctuality, and in a style of elegance and design not to be equalled in Sydney.

Mrs. P. also invites an early inspection of her splendid and fashionable stock of—

SUMMER BONNETS AND CAPS.

consisting of every variety in shape, colour, and texture, according to the latest styles worn in **LONDON AND PARIS.**

*** Family Mourning and Country Orders executed with the utmost despatch and punctuality.

LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT,

19 King-street east, (late Barlow's) for the execution of Maps, plans of Estates to be sold by Auction, Circulars, Law Forms, &c., &c., at the shortest notice, and in a superior style. Engraving in all its branches—Copper Plate Printing, Bookbinding, and Machine Ruling as usual. Also, a general Registry Office. Terms of Registration as follows, masters, two shillings and sixpence. Persons of all grades in society, requiring employment, only one shilling.

NOTICE.

D. R. LITTLE, late Professor of Midwifery and Diseases of Females and Children, in the Royal Belfast College, Physician to the Belfast Hospital, Lying-in Charity &c. having settled in Sydney, requests that those wishing for Professional advice at his residence will make it convenient to call upon him between 8 and 11 o'clock in the morning, or 8 and 9 in the evening, as, during these hours, he will endeavour with as much regularity as possible to be at home.
(Charlotte-place, rear of St. Phillip's Church)
November 2nd, 1840.

JOSEPH THOMPSON AND SON

have received a further supply of—
Superfine blue Cloth Jackets
Blue and black Cassimere Trousers and Vests
White Satteen Jackets
Gentlemen's and Youth's super long cloth Shirts
Light and dark Valentia Waistcoats
Duck and Moleskin Slop Clothing
Brown and white Drills
Window Hollands of all widths
Damask Table Linen
Youth's Blouses
6-4 Green Baize
Rough Brown Hollands
Gentlemen's Dressing Gowns.
84, Pitt-street.

Gold and Silver Watches, Jewellery, Plate, Spectacles, &c.

TEMPLE OF FASHION.

J. COHEN, Watchmaker, Silversmith, Manufacturing Jeweller, &c., (opposite the old Treasury), George-street, Sydney, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that by recent arrivals he has received considerable splendid additions to his previously superb and extensive stock, which on inspection will be found to be the best ever imported to the Colony; and he is now enabled to supply every article required in the above branches, to enumerate which would far exceed the limits of an advertisement.

J. J. C. has also much pleasure in apprising the Public, that in addition to his experienced Watchmakers employed on the premises, he has succeeded in securing the valuable services of Mr. Samuel Salter, now for many years acknowledged to be the most skillful Watchmaker and best workman ever in New South Wales, and which will the better enable the advertiser to execute all repairs with accuracy, dispatch, and at moderate charges.

Experienced jewellers and silversmiths are also employed on the premises, and every article in those branches are made and repaired in a superior style, and not to be equalled in Sydney.

A large stock of spectacles constantly on sale.

The trade supplied.

NOTICE.

A. M'NISH, late from Everington's, Ludgate-hill, London, begs leave to acquaint the ladies of Australia that in compliance with the numerous requests of his friends, he has, in conjunction with his Millinery establishment, added that of

DRESSMAKING,

in all its branches; and feels confident, from his knowledge of the parties he has engaged, they having recently arrived, he will be enabled to execute whatever orders may be conferred upon him in such a manner as may be equalled, but not surpassed, by any house, whether in Britain or France.

Corner of Hunter and O'Connell-streets, Sydney.

WANTED.

FOUR good JOINERS, and four good STONEMASONS, will find constant employment, with the highest wages at J. Vercoe's. Temperance Coffee House, Pitt-street, November 6th, 1840.
N. B. Teetotalers preferred.

E. HUNT having made an alteration, his friends are invited to enter in at the gate written on, "HUNT & CO'S CABINET FACTORY," adjoining his former Ware-room. The upper and principal ware-room contains a variety of Modern Furniture, warranted to be made of the best materials and in the best manner.

Floor-cloth for large rooms.

HUNT & CO.,
Jamison-street.

N.B.—Funerals as usual.

SYDNEY PRICE CURRENT.

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Bread, per loaf of 2lbs ..	0	0	5	0	0	6
Butter, fresh, per lb.	0	2	0	0	2	6
" salt, per lb.	0	1	1	0	2	3
Bacon, per lb.	0	0	8	0	1	2
Beef, per quarter, } per lb.	0	0	4	0	0	0
" per joint per lb.	0	0	4	0	0	5
" salted, per lb.	0	0	5	0	0	0
Mutton, carcase per lb.	0	0	3	0	0	4
" per joint, ditto.	0	0	3	0	0	4
Pork, ditto, ditto.	0	0	9	0	1	0
" salted, per lb.	0	0	9	0	0	10
Veal, per joint, ditto.	0	0	10	0	1	0
Cheese, per lb.	0	0	6	0	0	10
Candles, moulds, ditto.	0	1	0	0	1	3
" dips, ditto.	0	0	7	0	0	9
Eggs, per dozen.	0	2	0	0	0	0
Flour, fine, per 100 lbs.	1	1	0	0	0	0
" seconds, ditto.	0	18	0	0	0	0
" thirds, ditto.	0	15	0	0	0	0
GRAIN—Wheat, per bush.	0	5	6	0	6	6
Maize, ditto.	0	2	6	0	3	9
Barley, ditto.	0	4	0	0	0	0
Oats, ditto.	0	5	0	0	0	0
Hay, Oaten, per cwt.	0	8	6	0	10	0
" Lucerne, ditto.	0	7	0	0	0	0
Hams, per lb.	0	0	8	0	1	2
Lard, ditto.	0	0	6	0	0	9
OIL—Sperm, per tun.	80	0	0	100	0	0
Black, ditto.	21	0	0	23	0	0
POULTRY—Geese, each ..	0	10	0	0	12	0
Turkies, ditto.	0	16	0	0	18	0
Ducks, per pr.	0	8	0	0	10	0
Fowls, ditto.	0	6	6	0	7	0
Pork, New Zealand, per lb.	0	0	3	0	0	6
Salt, per cwt.	0	5	0	0	0	0
Soap, per lb.	0	0	4	0	0	4
Straw—Wheaten, per load.	2	0	0	2	10	0
Tobacco—Leaf, per lb.	0	0	6	0	0	9
Fig, ditto.	0	0	10	0	1	0
Snuff, ditto.	0	3	0	0	5	0
Vegetables—Potatoes, cwt.	0	10	0	0	14	0
Onions, pr lb.	0	0	5	0	0	9
Whalebone, per ton.	90	0	0	0	0	0

IMPORTED ARTICLES.

WHOLESALE.

Arrowroot, per lb.	0	0	6	0	0	8
Butter, Irish, per lb.	0	1	0	0	1	2
Cheese, Pine, ditto.	0	1	3	0	1	4
" Dutch.	0	0	9	0	0	0
Coffee, raw, per lb.	0	0	9	0	1	0
Candles, wax, per lb.	0	2	2	0	0	0
" sperm, ditto.	0	2	0	0	2	6
Rice, Patna, per lb.	0	0	1	0	0	1
Tea, Hyson-skin, per chest.	11	11	0	12	12	0
" Hyson, 10 catty box.	3	0	0	3	10	0
" Caper Souchong, ditto.	2	15	0	3	0	0
" Souchong, ditto.	2	15	0	3	0	0
" Pouchong, ditto.	3	3	0	0	0	0
" Gunpowder, 5 cat. bx.	2	0	0	0	0	0

*** Subscribers are informed that Mr. Walter Campbell is appointed the Collector for *The Temperance Advocate*, who, on the payment of their subscriptions, will furnish a receipt signed by Mr. Edward Hunt, Treasurer to the Society. The names of new Subscribers are received at the "Herald" Office; by Mr. Trood, Printer, King-street; and by Mr. Harvie, Stationer, George-street, near the Royal Hotel, Sydney.—In Parramatta, by Mr. Staff.—Liverpool, by Mr. Hoskins.—Windsor, by the Rev. F. Lewis.—Penrith, by Mr. Young.—Bathurst, by Mr. Thompson.—Yass, by Mr. Simpson.—Wollongong, by Mr. Croft.—Port Phillip, by Mr. William Kerr.—and at Maitland, by Mr. V. G. Williams.

Edited by JOHN FAIRFAX, of Macquarie-place, Sydney, the Proprietor, and Printed for, and Published by him at the Herald Office, Lower George-street, Sydney, New South Wales.