

further supply of rum, two gallons. The result might have been anticipated; they quarrelled, and a scuffle ensued between them. Towards morning deceased called prisoner a man-eater, and a further scuffle took place between them; prisoner took up a butcher's knife, which he was several times requested to put down, but he refused, saying that it was his only protection; deceased went out of the hut and armed himself with a hurdle rail, with which he walked up and down in the front of the hut saying that he would have satisfaction. Deceased having worked himself up to a great pitch of excitement, pushed open the hut door, upon which prisoner thrust the knife into his stomach, from which wound he lingered four days, and then expired. The jury found the prisoner guilty of manslaughter, and he was sentenced to be transported to a penal settlement for the term of his natural life. His Honor remarked that the Judges had come to the determination of inflicting the heaviest penalty of the law in all cases where death had ensued through the influence of drunkenness. Plum, the Ticket of Leave man, to be turned into Barracks and his indulgence cancelled. The two assigned servants were also ordered to be turned into Barracks, with a statement to His Excellency that Mr. James Hassal was an improper person to have servants assigned to him in future.

POLICE INCIDENTS.

Mary Walker, alias Kirby, alias Connor, alias anything else, a fac-simile of one of the witches in Macbeth, was taken to the Police Office, to be annihilated by the Reporter of the Gazette, who had given some offence to the lady in his factious. She attempted, by quoting "the liberty of the press is as the air we breathe, if we have it not we die," to hum the Bunch that her feelings towards the press were correct and regular, such as should be held by every well constituted mind. Bench—Were you drunk? Carrol—When a woman of my turn of mind to be supposed to have sipped from any other stream than that of Helicon. Oh, fie! Bench—"Those shallow draughts intoxicate the brain." Carrol—"But drinking largely sobers us again." Bench—You at all events appear to have drunk too deeply. You must pay five shillings. Carrol—Not a man, I assure you [Dropping on her knees with upraised hands]. My dear Mr. Gazette, do soften the Colonel's heart, or pay for me. Gazette—No, no, woman; the liberty of the press is in danger—contrary to my doctrine, I assure you. Bench—Then you go to the stocks for six hours. Carrol—Well, I suppose I must. Good bye.

Tasmanian Extracts.

CAPE INTELLIGENCE.—The South African, in allusion to the emigration of the men and women accustomed to ascribe immediately to Providence, this Colony has, during the past year, enjoyed the full and unmixed influence of its excellent climate. It has suffered neither from the extremes of drought nor of moisture. The crops, though luxuriant, have been unscathed by rust; the winged plague of locusts has spared us; no disease has spread amongst the cattle or sheep; nor has any epidemic touched the inhabitants. Upon the head labor, we may mention the introduction of juvenile apprentices, under the auspices of the "CHILDREN'S FRIENDS SOCIETY"—a scheme of immigration, perhaps better suited to this Colony than any other. During the last year, 155 of these young emigrants have been received and apprenticed as agricultural laborers and domestics in the Colony. The total number received since the commencement of 1833, is 514.

PORT PHILIP.—Her Majesty's ship Conway, from Sydney, via Port Phillip, arrived on Monday, having on board the Right Reverend Bishop Broughton. She brings accounts from the New Settlement, which she left on Friday last, stating that a party of 18 persons, who were travelling overland from Sydney to Port Phillip, in charge of 6,000 sheep, had been attacked by a tribe of the Aborigines, who had speared to death no less than ten out of the number, and that the other eight were closely pursued, and it was doubtful whether they would escape. "ARMY.—THE TROOPS FOR CANADA.—In the reinforcements for Canada alluded to in our publication of Saturday, we omitted to name a regiment of cavalry (reported to be the 15th Hussars). The following therefore may be taken as a pretty correct enumeration of the troops intended to be embarked for this particular service, and we are led to believe that all are to proceed to Halifax as soon as the means of transport in ships of war can be provided.

1 regiment of cavalry augmented to... 450
93d Highlanders, augmented strength
Brigade of Guards, say... 2000
65th Regiment from West Indies, augmented strength... 600
23d Fusiliers and 71st Light Infantry, augmented strength... 1200
Augmentation of 100 rank and file to all regiments in Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick—viz.
1st Royals, 15th, 24th, 32d, 34th,
43d, 66th, 83d, and 85th... 900
Total... 5,750
The 11th and 73d Regiments, ordered home from the Mediterranean, are to land at Gibraltar, there to await instructions in case their services should be required in Canada.
The *Inconstant* has proceeded to Cork, and on her arrival there, will take on board 250 rank and file of the 93d Highlanders; the remainder of the regiment will follow as other vessels arrive.
Two companies of artillery are also, it is said, under orders for the same destination.
Lieut. Frederick Arthur is now Capt. in Arthur and Aide-de-Camp to his father, Sir G. Arthur.
Sir George Arthur, K.C.H., Lieut. Governor of Upper Canada, and suite, embarked on board the *Sampson*, for New York, on the 30th Dec.
It was believed that the military force in the Canadas was to be increased to 10,000.
Major-General Sir W. M'Bean, whilst in Dublin on the 29th Dec., on his route to take command of the Limerick or South Western Irish District, got his orders to embark at Liverpool on the 3d of Jan. following, to join the Staff in Canada.
It was expected that all the corps in Canada would be increased to 600 effective rank and file, and that a regiment of Cavalry of eight troops, of 60 men and horses each, with a proper proportion of Artillery, would be immediately embarked from Ireland.
MARKET PRICES, NEW WHARF, APRIL 26.—Market produce has experienced an abatement in the prices since our last quotation—wheat 6s. 9d. per bushel, hay £5 15s., potatoes £3 per ton.
WALKER'S MILLS.—No alteration since last week—best wheat 6s. 6d. to 6s. 7d., inferior 4d. 5s. 6d. to 6s., barley 4s. 10d. to 4s. 6d. to 5s. per bushel, fine flour £16 per ton, bran 1s. 6d. per bushel, colonial oatmeal and pearl barley 4d. per lb.

SALES BY AUCTION.

THIS DAY... Polack, at Bazaar, 90 fat Bullocks.
THURSDAY... Blackman, at Commissariat Stores, Sundries.
FRIDAY... Polack, at Bazaar, 50 Cows.
Polack, at Bazaar, Horses & Gigs.
Polack, at Bazaar, Horses & Gigs.
Polack, at Bazaar, Working Bullocks, Drays, &c.

NOTICE: SYDNEY Mechanics' School of Arts, PITT-STREET.

AN INTRODUCTORY LECTURE on CHEMISTRY will be delivered in the Hall of the above Institution on FRIDAY next, the 11th instant, at 8 P. M.
The Lectures will be continued every successive Friday Evening, until further Notice.
CHARLES NICHOLSON, Hon. Secretary.

TO WINE COOPERS.

WANTED, a sober, steady, WINE COOPER; constant employment and liberal Wages. Apply to H. FISHER, Rectifier, Sussex Distillery, George-street.

WANTED,

TO Rent a COTTAGE or PRIVATE HOUSE, with not less than five Rooms with other conveniences, near the Race Course. Apply at W. Wyatt's Stores Pitt-street.
N.B.—Wanted a middle aged Woman as Servant in a small Family. Apply as above.

Five Pounds Reward.

LOST on Sunday Afternoon, between the western part of Mentmore, on or about the 15th April, instant, A CHESNUT MARE, about fifteen hands, rising four years old; white tail; white face; part of the fore foot white, with a remarkable white spot on the near hip.
A Reward of FIVE POUNDS will be paid on the Mare being delivered to any of the under-mentioned Persons, viz.—James Wright, Esq., J. P., Lanynoy, near Queenbeyan; Henry Hall, Esq., Chelwood, Limestone, Wm. A. Broadribb, Esq., Gunday; or, at my Station Boboyan.
If stolen, a further reward of Ten Pounds will be paid to any person who will give such information as will lead to the conviction of the offender or offenders.

Fifteen Pounds Reward.

STOLEN or Strayed from Boboyan, on the western part of Mentmore, on or about the 15th April, instant, A CHESNUT MARE, about fifteen hands, rising four years old; white tail; white face; part of the fore foot white, with a remarkable white spot on the near hip.
A Reward of FIVE POUNDS will be paid on the Mare being delivered to any of the under-mentioned Persons, viz.—James Wright, Esq., J. P., Lanynoy, near Queenbeyan; Henry Hall, Esq., Chelwood, Limestone, Wm. A. Broadribb, Esq., Gunday; or, at my Station Boboyan.
If stolen, a further reward of Ten Pounds will be paid to any person who will give such information as will lead to the conviction of the offender or offenders.

JAMES RITCHIE.

Boboyan, April 25, 1838.
N.B.—It is supposed the Mare is taken in the direction of the Murray and Port Phillip.

R. BROWNLOW & CO.

HAVE received an addition to their extensive STOCK, by the *Mary Anne* and other late arrivals, consisting of—
Champagne of the finest quality
Port, in wood, and in quart and pint bottles
Blenney ditto ditto ditto
Marsala ditto ditto ditto
Dunbar's Ale and Porter, in 3, 6, and 9 dozen casks
Taylor's Double Brown Stout, in hogsheds
Elliott's Ale, in hogsheds
Taylor's Strong Ale, in barrels
And Negre head Tobacco
Which they will sell on very moderate terms.
Martell's Brandy
Hollands in wood and bottles, specially imported from Rotterdam.
May 9, 1838.

SYDNEY ADELAIDE HOUSE,

GEORGE STREET, No. 64, Opposite the Market.

JOSEPH VICKERY

HAVING received per ship *Ferguson*, in addition to his present extensive stock on hand, one of the largest and most splendid investments of Ladies', Gentlemen's, and Children's Boots and Shoes ever imported by one tradesman in Sydney, invites his numerous Friends and the Public in General to an inspection of them, of which the following is a brief description:—
Ladies' Adelaide and Victoria Boots
Ladies' Black Cloth Double Sole ditto
Ladies' Black and Bronze Morocco Slippers
Ladies' Brunella Ties and Slippers
Ladies' Bronze Kid Operas
Ladies' Black and White Satin Slippers
Ladies' Carpet Slippers, lined with Fur
Ladies' Black Leather Double Sole, do. lined do.
Ladies' Morning Slippers
Young Ladies' and Children's Boots and Shoes of every description
Gentlemen's Wellington Boots Double Sole
Gentlemen's Wellington Walking and Half-dress ditto
Gentlemen's Full-dress Wellington Boots
Gentlemen's Channel Pump Wellington Boots
Gentlemen's Buck Skin ditto ditto
Gentlemen's Clarence and Blucher Boots
Ditto Stout Walking Shoes
Ditto Channel and Dancing Pumps
Ditto Dress and Half dress Shoes
Ditto Carpet Slippers
Ditto Roan ditto
Youths' Boots and Shoes of every Description
Ditto Dancing Pumps

SEED OATS,

FROM VAN DIEMEN'S LAND,
ON SALE AT THE STORES OF THE
Undersigned, at a reduced Price.
GEO. RATTRAY.
Jamison-street,
May 8, 1838.

JUST LANDED,

Ex "Kinnear,"
And on Sale at the Stores of the Undersigned.
PRIME PICKLED SALMON, in jars suitable for Families
Ditto Herrings ditto
Preserved Fruits
Jams
Pickles
Negrohead Tobacco
And Martin's Blacking, assorted sizes in each cask.
I. M. ILLIDGE.
Grocery and Provision Warehouse,
George-street, opposite the Bank of Australia, May 9, 1838.

FOR SALE,

TWO SPLENDID PIANO-FORTES ex *Ferguson*, one Grand Horizontal Piano by Broadwood & Sons, and a Grand Square Piano by Collard & Collard, late Clementi.
Apply to
HUGHES & HOSKING.
Albion Mills,
May 9, 1838.

For Hobart Town Direct, And will receive Cargo THIS DAY.

THE fine fast sailing first class Brigantine, MARIAN WATSON.
This vessel having been fitted up in the first style for the accommodation of Passengers, will continue to run as a Packet, no expense having been spared in fitting her for that service.—For Freight or Passage, apply to DANIEL EGAN, Hobart Town and Luncheon Packet Office, Lower George-street.

For Sourabaya and Batavia, and from thence to England direct,

THE Fine Teak-built Ship, FERGUSON,
Burthen 555 Tons, William Robertson, H. C. S. Commander; has splendid accommodations for Passengers, and carries an experienced Surgeon. For Freight or Passage apply to the Commander, on board; or to HUGHES & HOSKING, Agents.
Albion Mills, 8th May, 1838.

CAUTION.

LETTER CARRIERS and others are hereby Cautioned against delivering any Letters or Papers addressed to the late W. H. Blackwell, except to the undersigned.
(Signed) EDV. HUNT, RICHD. BLACKWELL, EXECUTORS.
May 7, 1838.

Two Pounds Reward.

LOST or STOLEN, from Nimitahelle, Malabar Plains, about the end of June or 1st July last, one BLACK GELDING, branded O on near ribs, about six years old, switch tail. Whoever will give such information to the undersigned, or to Mr. Campbell Forbes, at Nimitahelle, shall receive the above Reward.
J. A. CURTOYS.
Sydney, 7th May, 1838.

MR. J. G. AUSTIN,

AND
MR. R. CLINT.
IN answer to an article in the *Australian* of yesterday, I beg to state, whatever construction might have been put upon my advertisement, that I rely either of you to contradict my assertions. I have in my possession Presses with full apparatus &c., which, previous to my purchase was in the Establishment known as J. G. Austin, & Co. Further, that I have since added upon the retirement of Mr. Fernyhough, another Lithographic Press, Stones, &c., complete. Also, that I have further upon the application of Mr. Austin, bought various stock &c. of that gentleman and to which I alluded.

E. D. BARLOW,

Bridge-street

On Sale by the Undersigned,

PLATE, Round and Square IRON, assorted sizes
Nail Rod, Pig and Sheet Iron
Anchors and Cables, and Cabouzes
Proof Chains, assorted sizes
Best Parlour Stoves
Haud, Tenon, Cross cut, Pitt and Circular Saws
With a general assortment of Ironmongery.

JUST RECEIVED,

Superior Consignment of Egg's double and single-barrelled Fowling Pieces
Muskets, with Bayonets and Cartouche Boxes
Cutlasses and Pistols
Paints, Turpentine and Oils.
RICHARD DAWSON.
Australian Foundry,
George-street.

TO BE RAFFLED FOR,

A SUPERIOR DOUBLE-BARRELLED FOWLING PIECE; also, a BRACE OF DUELLING PISTOLS; the former cost twenty guineas, the latter fifteen.
Apply to Mr. Henry Doyle, Tailor and Draper, King-street East, Sydney.

Notice of intended Removal.

AS the Partnership between APPLETON & JONES is about to be dissolved, the undersigned intends removing to those spacious Premises formerly known as the "Jerusalem Warehouse," at the corner of George-street and Barrack-lane, and lately in the occupation of Mr. Charles Beilby.
D. JONES.
8th May, 1838.

FURNITURE

AND
PIANO FORTES.
JUST ARRIVED,
And now on Sale, at the Stores of the Undersigned,
A FEW splendid CABINET & SQUARE PIANO FORTES, with Metallic Plates, and every other improvement; also, Two SEAPIANES (the one being a powerful Instrument, is well adapted for a small Church or Chapel). The Furniture consists of a superb Secretary, Sofa, Book-case, Wardrobe, Work Table, Chest of Drawers, Sats of Chairs, &c. &c. well worthy the attention of any Gentleman about to furnish a house. The Piano Fortes are warranted, and will, together with the Furniture, be sold at Reduced Prices.
H. & C. WALTON & CO.
May 1, 1838.

DANCING ACADEMY.

MR. CLARK begs to intimate to his Friends and the Public, that he has opened an ACADEMY for the Tuition of DANCING in Macquarie-street, opposite the School of Industry, where he will teach the most fashionable Dances now practised in Paris, London and Edinburgh, viz.—Quadrilles, Waltzes, Galops, Mazourkas, Hornpipes, &c. Those Parents who may entrust him with the tuition of their Children may depend upon the strictest attention being paid to their general carriage and deportment.
Further particulars may be obtained from Mr. Clark, on application at this Academy, Macquarie-street.
N. B.—Private Families and Boarding Schools punctually attended to.

SALES BY AUCTION. POLACK'S SALES.

90 Fat Bullocks.
THIS DAY, at twelve o'clock precisely, BY A. POLACK, At the New Cattle Market, 90 FAT BULLOCKS, just arrived from the interior, and fit for immediate slaughter.
Terms made known at time of sale.

DAIRYCOWS.

On FRIDAY next, the 11th instant, at 12 o'clock precisely, BY A. POLACK, AT HIS CATTLE BAZAAR, TWENTY-FIVE DAIRY COWS—several with Calves at their sides.
Terms made known at time of sale.

HORSES, GIGS, &c.

On FRIDAY next, the 11th instant, at 12 o'clock precisely, BY A. POLACK, AT HIS HORSE & CARRIAGE BAZAAR, EIGHT to TEN BROOD MARES & FOALS—One Pair Bay Geldings—an excellent match
One Chesnut ditto—a Lady's Horse
One Pair Ponies
Two London-built Gigs
One Colonial ditto
One London-built Chariot.
Terms made known at time of sale.

A. POLACK

Has been instructed by the importers to submit for sale by auction, the following goods, just landed ex *Kinnear*, and will be sold without the least reserve, at his Rooms, on SATURDAY, May 12, at 11 o'clock precisely, FOUR cases Striped Cotton Shirts
1 Ditto Fancy Yacht do
11 Cases Calico Shirts, with Linen fronts
1 Ditto Children's Boots
1 Ditto colored Worst Socks
1 Ditto Laubs' Wool Half-Hose
1 Ditto Angolas
1 Ditto Unbleached Hose
1 Ditto black Worst ditto
6 Ditto Gloves of every description
1 Ditto Indian Rubber Braces and Silk Purse
1 Ditto Watch Chains
5 Bales Welch Flannels
10 Cases Donegal, Union, and Merino Flannels
3 Ditto Silk Goods
6 Ditto Hats
3 Bales Superfine Cloths
20 Bags Corks
And a variety of goods too numerous to particularise.
Terms made known at time of sale.

Working Bullocks, Drays, &c. &c.

BY A. POLACK, On FRIDAY, the 18th instant, at 12 o'clock precisely, at his Cattle Bazaar, FOUR WORKING BULLOCKS, DRAY, HARNESS, &c. complete
Four do. do. do.
Six do. do. do.
One new Dray.
Terms liberal—Made known at time of sale.

Cutter "PROVIDENCE"

BY A. POLACK, At the Queen's Wharf, immediately on her arrival from the Hunter, THE CUTTER "PROVIDENCE," two months old, but not yet measured, has carried 27 10-91 tons, built by Mr. James of Sydney, coppered and copper fastened, and well found in Spars, Rigging, and Sails.
The "Providence," from her light draught of water (only 5 feet 6 inches when full to the Hatches) and her superior sailing qualities, together with her carrying a heavy cargo for her tonnage, is admirably adapted for a Coaster.
Terms, liberal—Made known at time of sale.

FIFTY COWS.

On FRIDAY, the 24th instant, at Twelve o'clock precisely, BY A. POLACK, AT HIS CATTLE BAZAAR, FIFTY COWS, with Calves at their Sides, now running at "Broomfield," near Bong Bong, the Estate of George Riley, Esq., from whose very superior Herds they have been selected with great care.
N. B.—The above will be delivered at Broomfield immediately after the sale.
Two hundred Cows, and fifty to one hundred Bullocks.

BY A. POLACK,

On MONDAY, the 21st May, at twelve o'clock precisely (unless previously disposed of by Private Contract), at his Cattle Bazaar, the proprietor being desirous of reducing his Stock, which is surpassed by none in the Colony.
TWO HUNDRED COWS, from three year old and upwards
Fifty to one hundred Bullocks
To be delivered at Warby's late station on the Murrumbidgee, being upon the high road to the flourishing Settlements of Port Phillip and South Australia.
A. Polack begs to remark, that the above Cattle, known as the C. F. have been selected with great care and judgment from some of the best herds in the Colony, consequently are deserving of the particular attention of Stockholders desirous of improving their breed of Cattle. To newly-arrived Emigrants about forming Dairy Establishments, these Cattle are particularly adapted for such views. The Agents of Stockholders at either of the New Settlements anxious to procure a superior herd, have now an opportunity of doing so, by purchasing the above. They are in superior condition, and tractable.
Terms liberal, made known at time of sale.

960 Acres at Mulgoa.

A. POLACK, HAS received instructions from the Proprietor, to let for THREE or FIVE years one of the best Agricultural Farms in the Colony, consisting of NINE HUNDRED AND SIXTY ACRES, situate at the Mulgoa, having a RIVER FRONTAGE of one mile and a quarter to the Copwasture, from 36 to 40 Acres are cleared, several Huts, Stock Yards, and a Dairy have been erected.
This Farm is admirably adapted for a DAIRY FARM, and particularly suitable for a HOME-STEAD for an extensive Grazier, its distance from Sydney only 40 miles, and being bounded on the west by an extensive Government Run extending to Cox's River, on the east by the Copwasture, north by the property of John Blackland, Esq., south by Mr. Shadforth.
For Rent and further particulars, application to be made to the Auctioneer.

1,950 SHEEP.

On an early day, if not shortly disposed of by Private Contract, BY A. POLACK, At his Sheep and Cattle Bazaar, 1,950 SHEEP of the following description:—
500 Ewes, 3 years old
250 Ditto, aged
700 Wethers, 30 months to 4 years old, now depasturing at O'Connell Plains. The Wethers are fit for immediate slaughter, and the whole in excellent condition.
A. POLACK feels much pleasure in stating, that he has received the assurance of the Proprietor, that these Sheep are perfectly free from disease, and subject to the closest inspection of the most competent judges. The Wool has realized from 8s. 5d. to 2s. 3d. per lb.
Terms made known at time of Sale.

ONE THOUSAND WETHERS.

Has received instructions to dispose of BY PUBLIC AUCTION, ONE THOUSAND WETHERS, of ages from two to four years.
These Sheep are perfectly clean, and never have been diseased. Further particulars made known as soon as the ages, name of the Shepherds, &c. have been received.
AFTER WHICH,
420 Mixed Herd
187 Goats
42 Mares, Horses, Geldings, &c., &c.

SALES BY AUCTION. "VAUCLOSE."

A. POLACK HAS great pleasure in announcing to the Inhabitants of New South Wales, that he has been honored with Instructions from the proprietor W. C. Wentworth, Esq., to submit to public competition at an early day soon as the Surveyor's Plans are ready. A portion of that splendid and unequalled MAINE ESTATE, KNOWN AS VAUCLOSE, situate in those fine "LAND LOCKED" portions of PORT JACKSON Harbour called
Watson and Rose Bays;
Its situation is beautifully grand, as it commands a perfect view of the Head Lands, and sinuosities of the various Bays and inlets of the truly romantic Harbour in which it is situated, both on the East and West sides thereof, from the North and South Leads to the Parramatta River, taking in the Town of Sydney, and having the Blue Mountain Range in the Western Horizon.
THE NEW SOUTH HEAD ROAD passes through the Estate which makes its distance from the Capital about four miles, along a good and lively Road, it is also about the same distance by Water, so that Conveyances at all seasons are practicable, a desideratum of great importance, as Gentlemen in Public Offices particularly those with Families might here live economically and conveniently.—The rising Village of Watson's Bay, the celebrated
Point Piper Estate,
the residence of Major Gibbs, &c. &c. are contiguous, and it is within "gun shot" of the "South Head Light House" and "Flag Staff," consequently has an unobscured view of
THE SOUTH PACIFIC OCEAN.
It is also so situated that every Vessel entering in or going out of the Harbour, must pass almost within hail, so that in this particular it may be compared to the celebrated fashionable watering place "South end" at the mouth of the Thames.
For the site of an Establishment for the accommodation of Invalids and Officers on leave of absence for health, from India, another spot in the Colony could not be found, as "Sea Bathing," so requisite for such persons, may here be enjoyed in reality, amusement is also at hand in Boating, Fishing, Shooting &c. The Proprietor has decided that about
Four Hundred Acres
of the magnificent Estate shall be divided into spacious allotments, varying in size—when the same is completed by the Surveyor a more perfect description will be notified prior to the day of Sale.
Terms highly liberal made known in future advertisements.

Lake Bathurst.

To Newly-arrived Emigrants and others desirous of purchasing a complete Farming Establishment.
A. POLACK BEGS leave to publicly notify, that he has received instructions from the Proprietor to dispose of by PRIVATE CONTRACT, A first-rate Farming Establishment at Lake Bathurst, containing about ONE THOUSAND ACRES,
On which has been erected a most substantial Cottage of four Rooms (not quite finished), a Kitchen, Barn, Men's Huts, Hurdles, &c.
About fifteen Acres are sown with the best Seed Wheat, Barley, and Oats, and about fifteen ready for the Seed; also a large Stack of Wheat unthrashed—a quantity of Stores and Slaps, with the Agricultural Implements requisite for carrying on the various duties of the Farm. Sawyers and Joiners' Tools, Dairy Utensils, &c. &c.
THE LIVE STOCK CONSIST OF:—
340 Ewes, 1 year to full-mouthed
13 Superior Rams, 2 to 3 years old
200 Wethers, from 18 months to full-mouthed
533 Sheep
10 Working Bullocks
With Doy, Bows, Yokes, Chains, Tarpaulins, Ropes, &c. complete.
A. POLACK feels much pleasure in being able to state positively, that a better watered Farm is not to be found in the district; the springs are excellent, and constantly filled, which admirably adapts it for a Dairy Establishment—the soil is also good, and, in fact, on reviewing the same, it may be easily mistaken for an English Farm.
Further particulars on reference to the Auctioneer.

LOT 1.

At the Corner of Elizabeth and Atholpore-streets. All that piece or parcel of Ground, situate in Elizabeth-street south, 115 feet frontage to that street, and 150 feet frontage to Atholpore street, opposite Cleveland House.

LOT 2.

Township of Richmond. Allotment containing 3 roads 374 perches, situated in that old established Township Richmond, County of Cumberland, bounded on the north and west by Ground in the possession of Thomas Watkins, on the south side by George Morley's allotment, on the east, by the main street.

LOT 3.

Being part of the BRIGHTON ESTATE—Allotment containing 6 acres 2 roads 39 perches, situated on the Liverpool road, only a short distance from Sydney, being most delightfully situated, and suitable for the Country residence of Government Officers, Merchants, and retired Tradesmen.

LOTS 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, & 9.

township of Singleton. Being 6 quarter acre Allotments, situate in the township of Singleton, on the Upper Hunter's River.

LOT 4.

Allotment No. 5, situate in George-street, Singleton

LOT 5

6 " 51 as per plan
6 " 54 ditto
7 " 52 ditto
8 " 53 ditto
9 " 111 ditto
The above named Lots are most desirably situated in the Township of Singleton on the main Road from Maitland to Liverpool Plains, New England, and the Australian Company's Settlement.

AFTER WHICH,

LOT 10.

Parramatta-street. Two valuable Allotments of Land, together with the two excellent buildings erected thereon nearly opposite the Kent Brewery, bounded in front by Parraaatta-street, and on two other sides by H. M'Dermott, Esq., and Mr. James May's properties.

TERMS—20 per cent deposit, and the residue by approved bills at 3 and 6 months, without interest.

Household Furniture, Rich Cabinet Rosewood Piano-forte, Grand Cabinet Glass, Chimney Glasses and Ornaments, Barrel Organ, Engravings, &c., &c.

Mr. W. Hebblewhite,

HAS received instructions from the Proprietor to submit to Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 16th instant, on the Premises, York-street, three doors South of King-street, formerly the residence of J. Bingle, Esq., the whole of the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., Consisting of—Sideboard, Tables, Chairs, Secretaire, Fenders, Fire-irons, Grand Cabinet PIANO-FORTE, Music Stool, Rich Cut Glass, Lustres, Chimney Ornaments and Glasses, ROSEWOOD BARREL ORGAN, Engravings, &c., with a variety of other articles, both of use and ornament.
Terms made known at the time of sale.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

WHEREAS, a Sailor of the name of JOHN WILLIAMS proceeded in the Barque *Jessie*, Captain Bell, to Liverpool, and received an Advance Note for Six Pounds, payable to A. B. Smith and Co., agents for the said vessel, which Note they refused to pay, although they received the Captain's Letter, certifying that Williams had proceeded on the voyage;—this is to caution the Public from cashing any Sailors Advance Notes, unless accepted by the agents previous to the sailing of the vessel, as I have experienced the result.
ROBERT CUMMINS,
Sydney, May 9, 1838.

Queen Victoria's Birth Day.

THE Undersigned respectfully informs the happy to receive Orders to illuminate their Houses on the Night of the Queen's Birth Day on very moderate terms. It being the general opinion that all LOYAL SUBJECTS will illuminate on that AUSPICIOUS OCCASION, the undersigned earnestly requests all those disposed to patronise him, will give their Orders immediately, which will be strictly attended to.

God save the Queen!

THOS. WOOD, Government Lamp Contractor, King and George-streets.

Ex "Earl of Harewood."

RECEIVED by the above Vessel, and now on Sale, a new and fashionable assortment of the unmentioned Goods adapted for the approaching season.

- Children's British and French Merino Frocks with Caps
Ditto ditto Pelisses, with Pelicans
Ditto ditto very rich
Children's Cloth Pelisses
Ditto Cassimers, Cloth, and Merino Cloaks
Girl and women's Cloth and Merino ditto
Boys' British and French Merino Surtouts and Trowsers
Boys' Cloth ditto and Suits
Mourning Collars, Habit-shirts, and Pelicans
Rich filled Silk Shawls
Persians, 4-4 and veil Cape
Squirrel and Fitch Boas
Swansdown and Squirrel Stocks
Gentlemen's black Silk and Military ditto
A variety of Hair Combs and Brushes
Gentlemen's and Youths' Shirts, lawn fronts
Grey Nap Coating and Peterham
Super Grecian, Venetian, and 4-4 Kidderminster
Carpets, with Hearth Rugs
A few bales of superior Blankets
An Invoice of Bonnets, &c.

JOSEPH THOMPSON, 18, King street.

TO SPORTSMEN & OTHERS.

J. S. LAMBARO, GUN MAKER, From the celebrated Manton's, OF LONDON.

RESPECTFULLY takes an early opportunity of acquainting the Public that he has received an Invoice of goods in the Gun Line, per ship Duchess of Northumberland, which are expected to be landed in a few days, and which goods will enable him to complete work equal to the first class London Workmanship.

N. B.—A valuable assortment of Walnut Gun Stocks, double and single. Guns stocked, patent breeched, and altered from the flint to the Percussion principal.

Brickfield hill, Sydney, adjacent to the sign of the Daniel O'Connell, and opposite to her Majesty's Debtor's Gaol, commonly called Carter's barracks.

April 27, 1838.

THE Undersigned has just received fresh assortments of the following Goods: Black Gros de Naples, assorted qualities; Rick Black and White Satins, colored Ducapes, watered; Rich coloured Bartheas, Canton Crape Handkerchiefs, Black China and Brussels Handkerchiefs; India Trusses, plain and colored (an excellent Article for Ladies' and Children's Dresses); Broad Cloths, and a splendid Assortment of Buckskins, (very cheap); Bales of Blankets well assorted, and a variety of Goods in the Hosiery, Haberdashery, and Linen and Drapery Line.

ON HAND,

- Gentlemen's and Boys' ready-made Clothes and Shops of all descriptions
Barber's London Hats and Caps for Gentlemen and Children.
Ladies Prunella and Kid Shoes, and Cloth Half Boots
Children's Caps, Turbans, Shoes and Boots
Perfumery, Stationery, Glass, &c.

R. C. GORDON, 3, Bridge-street.

Ex "Captain Cook."

A SPLENDID Collection of FURS, by the above vessel, consisting of

- Chinchilla
Ermine
Real Sable
Squirrel
Lynx
Fox
Fitch
Swansdown, &c.

Also, a variety of Fur Trimmings on sale at W. H. TYRER'S, 81, George-street.

20th April, 1838.

Ex "Slam" "Cockermouth Castle" and "Earl Harewood."

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF ENGLISH FURNITURE.

M. R. HEBBLEWHITE begs to apprise the Public that the remainder of the above valuable Investment is now unpacked and open to view, at his extensive Stores, Lower George-street.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.

Comprising almost every variety of article in the Furniture Department, of the best description, both for make and durability, having been shipped to this Colony expressly to meet the views of the numerous lately arrived and daily expected Emigrants.

- The furniture consists of—
Mahogany Chests Drawers
Secretary and Book case, very superior
Colage and every description of Dining Tables
Solid Top Low Tables
Pembroke Tables
Four post Bedsteads, Mahogany carved posts
French and Tent Ditto
Horse and Doe Hair Mattresses
Mahogany Sideboards
Mahogany Chairs, hair and Leather Seats
Shield Flock ditto
Rosewood and Mahogany Music Stands
Ditto ditto
Ottomans and Foot Stools
Pile Fire Screens
Butler's Trays and Stands
Mahogany Bideets
Ditto Bed-stands, with night convenience
Wardrobe
Children's Table Chairs
Paper Hangings, of every description
Chimney, Pier, and Toilet Glasses
With a great variety of Colonial Furniture, too numerous to particularize.

Negro-head Tobacco, ex Kinrear ON SALE, at the Counting house of the Undersigned, Eight small Pieces of beautiful small Fig Negro head Tobacco. ALFRED SAUNDERS. Near the Post Office.

CHEAP GROCERY, PROVISION, AND

Italian Warehouse, No. 35, YORK STREET, NEAR THE CORNER OF MARKET-STREET, SYDNEY.

H. PECKHAM

RESPECTFULLY begs to inform his numerous friends and the public, that he has opened the above Premises, and hopes to be favoured with a share of public patronage and support.

- P. H. will invariably have on hand a supply of the very BEST articles that can be procured, and he invites the up Country Settlers who may occasionally visit Sydney, to honor him with a call, where every article may be had, as GOOD and CHEAP as at any house in Sydney.
TEAS.
Green, Black, Mixed
Caper, Souchong, Twankay
Hyson, Gunpowder, and Imperial
COFFEE.
Raw, Roasted, and Ground
SUGARS.

- Maunitus
Ditto Fine
Loaf ditto
Rice, Raisins
Currants, Barley
SALT.
Fine, Coarse, Basket
English and Colonial
SOAP.
Yellow, Windsor and Palm
English and Colonial
Starch, Stone Blue
TOBACCO.
Cavendish, Negrohead, and Brazil
Twist and Colonial
CIGARS.
Manilla, Chinsurah, and Havana
PIPES.
English and Colonial
BLACKING.
Quarts, Pints, and half ditto
Paste Blacking

- CANDLES.
Dips, Mould, and Sperm
HAMS.
Whole and Cut
Irish Pork and Bacon
Colonial ditto
BUTTER.
Salt and Fresh
CHEESE.
English and Colonial
SUNDRIES.
Pickles, quarts and pints
Sauces of all kinds
Salad and Florence Oil
Mustard
Pepper, ground and whole
Spices of all kinds
Split Peas
Scotch and Pearl Barley
Cloves, Mace
Cloves, Cinnamon
Allspice, mixed ditto
White and Brown Ginger
Sago, Arrow-root
Spanish Liquorice, Barcelona Nuts
Birch Brooms, Bath Bricks
Baxter's English Preserves in fine condition
Robinson's Patent Groats and Barley
Russell's ditto
Epsom Salts, Saltpetre
Fine Seed Peas, &c. &c.

JAMES TEGG, LETTER PRESS PRINTER, GEORGE-STREET, SYDNEY.

BEGS to inform Merchants, Auctioneers, Tradesmen, and the community generally of Sydney, that he has just received by the Ferguson, the largest and most splendid Printing Press ever imported; also the completion of his order for all the newest and most approved fancy modern Type from the best Founders in London; also all the fancy Choufours used by Merchants and Bankers Receipts, Bills of Lading, &c. Raing Horses, Couches, Boats for Regattas, Steamers and Queen's Arms to any size (by far the largest in the Colony); and in fact the largest assortment of ornamental and fancy Type of any Office out of London.

J. T. invites a visit to his Establishment, where those who have not had an opportunity of visiting a Printing Office, will be enabled to witness all the various branches of the Business on a scale of neatness equal to the first rate Printing Offices in England. April 24, 1838.

ENGLISH ANNUALS, FOR 1838.

PICTURESQUE ANNUAL.
Huntley's Book of Beauty
Jennings's Landscape Annual
Jarvis's Scrap Book
Forget Me Not
Friendship's Offering
Book of Gems
Flowers of Loveliness
Gems of Beauty
Keepsake
Oriental Annual
A few copies of the above ANNUALS are just received by the "Kinneer."

- Byron's Works, 1 vol.
The Horse
— Cattle
— Society's Edition
— Sheep
Moubray, on the Management of Poultry
MacLennan's 5000 useful Receipts
Ryder's Veterinary Surgeon's Manual
Book of Song; or Minstrel's Companion—a choice collection of 300 esteemed Songs, &c., arranged for the Violin, Flute, and Voice
Butler's Hudibras
Burder's Village Sermons
Cowper's Poetical Works
Goldsmith's Citizen of the World
— Year of Wakefield
— Poems, Plays, and Essays
Jamison's Dictionary of Mechanical Science, Arts, Manufacture, &c.
Milton's Poetical Works
Phillips's Million of Facts
— Dictionary of the Arts of Life
Pinnock's Guide to Knowledge; or, a complete History of Literature, Science, and Art, 3 vols.

JAMES TEGG. BARKER & HALLEN BEGS to inform the Public, that they have on Board a good SECONDS FLOUR, from Colonial Wheat, at 12s. per 100 lbs. cash, or 13s. credit. Steam Mills, 60, Sussex-street, 18th April, 1838.

THE FORAGERS. AN AMERICAN TALE.

"Alas, that hearts of such high enterprise, Should sink to such forgotten graves."

These are bitter times, says old Roger Norton, as he paced backward and forward on the little green before his rude cabin, smoking his pipe with a vehemence which to the in-dwellers of that homely hut, gave sure and fearful note that something of alarming import was working in his bosom. The good dame, who had been engaged industriously at the wheel, rose and set it aside, disquieted by the omen; and a beautiful girl came to the broken and decayed window, and looked out with a trembling anxiety towards the west. The sun was gliding gently behind appalling masses of thunder clouds, which were piled up from the horizon high in the mellow bosom of the heavens, and from the direction of the wind threatened a tempest of no ordinary magnitude. The shadows of approaching night were already fast changing the green mantle of the thick forest to one of funeral gloom; and the startling screech of the grey owl fell at intervals on the ears of watchful anxiety.

At the cottage all was silent—hope and fear alternately lighted or shaded each changing brow, as the distant echoes seemed to come laden with the tramp of horses, or the cold dew of the evening fell silent on the bosom of the dying breeze. At length a flash was seen in the thickness of the forest, and a report of a distant rifle pealed along the broken hillocks that bounded the valley brook. The aged dame, with her young daughter-in-law and two lovely children, crowded the door in an instant, and old Roger putting his pipe hastily into his pocket, turned to them, and placed his finger on his lip, as if in a momentary thought—"There has been blood spilled in the lowlands to-day," said he, "and God knows which party is the victor; we must bear our fate with patient sufferance; we have put up our united prayers for George, and heaven will do right; it becomes us in times like these to use all due precaution in warding the blow from our own heads." The ladies understood him; and though Eliza wrung her hands, and struggled deeply with her feelings, when the danger to which her George had been exposed was made known to her, and when the thought that perhaps he was now a bleeding corpse weltering in his blood rushed across her breast, yet they went quietly in, and assumed such employment as was best calculated to conceal the interest they took in the passing scenes of war and bloodshed around them.

Situated as they were, in a country traversed successively by the British and Indians, and scoured by the American Foragers, of a corps of which Norton's only son was the commander! They had hitherto concealed their attachment to the revolutionary cause from the royalists, and passed for loyal subjects of the British crown, while the vigilant but cautious measures of George Norton insured them protection from the Americans.

The report that had roused them by their twilight revelry died away; but the sound of coming troops succeeded after a short interval, and after a few minutes their tossing plumes were seen dancing along the white fences, and approaching the lonely cottage. The old man threw down the bars that led into the yard, and began to throw water into the long trough, to supply the horses, trembling all the while in suspense whether he was about to receive his bosom child, or smooth his brow to a smiling welcome of men, whose hands, for aught he knew, might be wetted in his son's blood. The suspense was of momentary duration; the first who approached him wore the uniform of a Briton, and his heart sunk within him as he reached out his withered hand to welcome him, and assist him in dismounting.

By this time the old corps was up, and Roger recognised several of his old guests among them. Some wounded soldiers were carried to the barn; and the officers, as soon as their arrangements were completed without, accepted the apparently cordial invitation of the host to share the comforts of the house. Meantime the table was spread and decorated with the best the humble circumstances of the owner could afford. The officers were eight in number, all hardy, soldierly-looking men, and as they threw off their heavy caps and swords, and crowded round the table, they resumed the conversation, it seemed, they had left off when they first came up. "Well," said the Major, "I believe we determined upon all but the time and place of execution." "And that," replied a sturdy fellow on the other side, "is easily arranged; what say you to farmer Norton's barn-yard, and eight in the morning, just by way of dessert, and, besides, we shall save the rascal's breakfast for a better fellow." "Agreed, agreed," said they all. The arrangements were thus made for the execution of the prisoner over a hearty meal, and when finished, a messenger was despatched to inform him of his fate, and bid him prepare for it.

However ill the members of this little family concealed their anxiety in the meantime, their agitation was not discovered. The old man pretended to busy himself to such a degree as not to take notice of any thing that passed, and Eliza left the room determined to ascertain the worst, as the suspense in which these proceedings involved her, was more cruel than the bitterest reality could be. She soon found her saddest fears were realized. Her husband was the prisoner, in whose blood they were to riot on the morrow. He was already wounded, and was lying on some straw in a barn near the house, guarded by a file of soldiers. To a gentleman his rescue was now the determined purpose of her soul, though she should sell her life in the attempt. She took her measures accordingly. She observed the officer who most resembled her in size, and whose voice and manner she could most easily imitate, and took measures to have him lodged apart from his companions in a little corner room, to which she could

gain ready access. She ascertained what was the countersign, and, having mastered her design, retired unsuspected.

At the dead hour of night, when all was silent as the grave, save now and then that the dull tramp of the sentinels was heard, she stole into the young officer's room, and carried off his clothes and sword. Apprehended in these, she passed the guard unperceived, and penetrated into the gloomy prison of her beloved and suffering husband. To banish every shade of suspicion from the guard, which walked around the barrack, assuming the tone of the officer she imitated, she accented the prostrate victim of revenge with opprobrious epithets, and asked him if his neck was ready for the halter—at the same time endeavouring to make him understand who she was. This unexpected intrusion roused up the heroic American. He had received his sentence, and had resolved to bear it as a soldier ought, for his wounds forbade the hope of escape. But when he heard the voice which too exactly imitated that of his bitterest foe, his soul kindled to a flame, and, springing from the ground, he seized the hilt of his sword, which a faint gleam of moonlight revealed before him, drew it like lightning from its scabbard, and plunged it through Eliza's heart. She shrieked and fell—while he, with one stroke, severing the cords that bound him, leaped into the midst of the guard, and three of them fell before him ere his arm was paralysed by death. A shot in the head killed him on the spot.

The camp was all alarmed. A general rush to the scene of blood succeeded, and the cause was revealed. Even the wretches who prosecuted their exterminating warfare, with so little mercy, wept over the heart-rending scene, and the aged parents were left unmolested. The corpses were interred beneath a green tree in the border of the forest, together; and the willow tree, which was planted by the grave, now spreads its broad top wide over the unlettered tomb-stone.—Mirror.

The late Earl of Egremont.

The following just and discriminating tribute to the merits of this deceased nobleman, comes from one who knew him well:—

"The late Earl of Egremont, who died after a few days' illness, within one month of having attained his 86th year, was a remarkable man, and his loss will be more felt within the sphere of his personal influence (and that extended over the whole county of Sussex) than perhaps any individual ever was before. He was immensely rich, and his munificence was as unbounded as his wealth. No man probably ever gave away so much money in promoting charitable institutions, or useful undertakings, and in assisting, pensioning, and supporting his numerous relations and dependents. His understanding was excellent, and his mind highly cultivated, and he retained all his faculties—even his memory—unimpaired to the last. He was remarkably acute, shrewd, and observant; in his manner, blunt without rudeness, and caustic without bitterness. Although he had for some years withdrawn himself from the world, he took an eager interest and curiosity in all that was passing in it; and though not mixed up in politics, and sedulously keeping aloof from all party contests, he did not fail to think deeply, and express himself strongly, upon the important questions and events of the times. His political opinions and principles were of a Tory complexion, and latterly he was an Alarmist, as well as a Conservative. Nevertheless, he numbered many distinguished Whigs amongst his oldest and most attached friends, and to these friendships he adhered with unshaken constancy—never suffering any difference of political opinion to disturb the harmony of his social relations. Although a Tory, his mind was cast in a liberal mould, to which the only exception seemed to have been his opposition to the Catholic Emancipation; this is difficult to account for, in a man so sagacious and benevolent: but from the force of prejudices early instilled into a mind of tenacious grasp, which was not latterly exposed to the changeable influence of worldly commerce, and the interchange of political thoughts. It is probable, that Lord Egremont might have acted a conspicuous part in politics, if he had chosen to embark on that troubled sea; and upon the rare occasions when he addressed the House of Lords, he delivered himself with energy and effect; but his temper, disposition, and habits, were altogether incompatible with the trammels of office, or the restraints of party connexions, and he preferred the unfettered enjoyment of the pursuits and pleasures of private life, which a vast fortune, a vigorous constitution, and literary tastes, placed in abundant variety before him. But in the system of happiness which he marked out for himself, the happiness of others formed a large and essential ingredient; nor did old age, as it stole upon him with gradual and insensible steps, dull the brightness of his intellect, or chill the warmth of his heart. His mind was continually intent upon ministering to the necessities, or providing for the pleasures of those around him; and there was nothing in which he took such keen delight, as the rural festivals with which he annually celebrated his birthday, when thousands of the surrounding villagers were assembled in his park—to eat, drink, and be merry. At Petworth, where he almost always resided, he exercised boundless hospitality. He was a zealous, munificent, and judicious patron of the arts,—and to the numerous painters and sculptors whom he protected and employed, his loss will be no less irremediable than severe. To describe in minute detail those peculiarities of habit and disposition, the idiosyncrasies which illustrate character, would be an indecorous violation of the sanctities of private life; and it is sufficient to say, that in Lord

Egremont, such as they were, they served to exhibit the vivacity of his mind, and its shrewd and epigrammatic turn, in a remarkable manner; and few persons visited Petworth, without being struck with delight at the benevolence of his disposition, and amazement at the vigour and freshness of his intellectual powers. To have lived to a great age, in the practice of beneficence and the dispensation of happiness, and to die without bodily suffering or mental decay—in the enjoyment of existence up to the instant of its close—affords an example of human prosperity, both in life, and in death, which has fallen to the lot of few, but which may well excite the envy and admiration of all."—Times, Nov. 18.

Puzzle for the Curious.—If a person were to take a single wheat-corn in his pocket to market on New Year's day, and double the same every week for 52 weeks, or till New Year's day again, it would amount to more loads of wheat, 20 bags each, three bushels to a bag, than it would take bank-notes to build a stack 25 times higher than the top of St. Paul's London (supposing a stack could be built), reckoning the building 144 yards, and allowing 190 notes to an inch.—2d. After this was deducted, there would be more loads left, 20 bags each, than any ten millers ever bought bags of wheat in their lives, allowing each to buy weekly 2,000 bags for 80 years.—3d. After this deduction there would be more loads, 20 bags each, remaining, than it would take bank notes to cover 100 square acres of ground, allowing each note to measure 6 inches by 4.—4th. After this deduction there would be more loads left than the wheel of a coach would turn round times in a distance of 1,200 miles, supposing the wheel to measure 17 feet in circumference.—5th. This would leave more loads than it would take barley-corns to reach from Worcester to Alcester, a distance of 17 miles, allowing three barley-corns to an inch.—6th. This would leave more loads than it would take tons of coal to supply the city of Worcester for 30 years, allowing 83 barge or boat loading to be brought every week for 30 years, and allowing each barge or boat to carry 60 tons, which would load 137,280 boats or barges, 60 tons each.—7th. After these deductions there would be more loads left, twenty bags each, than it would take pounds to build sixteen County Courts, allowing each to cost £60,000.—8th. There would be more loads remaining than it would take bags, three bushels each, to load 3,000 barges, allowing each barge to carry 500 bags.—9th. After all these deductions there would be wheat enough left to find 2,500 persons in bread for 60 years, allowing each person to eat annually nine bags. All the quantity of corn together would load 1,125,899 ships, 1,000 quarters each. The amount of all the number of corns is 4,503,599,627,370,495. Reckoning 500,000 corns to fill a bushel, is 9,007,129,254 bushels. Number of bags, 3 bushels each, is 3,002,399,851. Number of loads, 20 bags each, 150,119,987.—Worcester Journal.

How to flag a Rascal.—In some parts of the United States the high sheriffs perform the same duties as our parish beadles, and whip the criminals themselves. The sheriff of Hartford county, in Connecticut, a gentleman of good family and fortune informed me, that he always attended the trials of prisoners, and formed his own opinion as to their degrees of guilt. "For, otherwise," said he, "how am I to know how hard to hit them? I can make one cut tell like twenty if I choose; so I never trust to the sentences of those old fools on the bench, but always give it the rascals just as hard as in my own private judgment I think they ought to have it."—Note-Book of a Traveller in the United States.

Picture of a Sensualist.—The author of L'Almanach des Gourmands is yet in this world; he eats, he digests, he sleeps in the charming valley of Longpont. We saw him ourselves not a week ago, but how he is changed! This man, lately full of spirit, of a striking originality, of inexhaustible wit, with a sarcastic conversation, is now like the shades of purgatory which fly from the aspect of light. If you speak to him of his fame, of his Almanach des Gourmands, of his Annual de l'Amphitrion, he barely replies, he wishes for death as the end of his torments. He will hasten on the end of his life if it did not come speedily; and yet he does not—he waits. At nine o'clock in the morning he awakens his domestics; he scolds them, he cries, he is angry, demands his farinaceous potage, and eats it. Digestion commences, the work of the stomach re-acts upon the mind, the ideas are no longer upon the same, calm comes on, he no more talks of death, but he jokes tranquilly; asks news from Paris, and talks of the old gourmands who yet live. Digestion is done, he becomes silent, and goes to sleep for some hours. On awakening the weeping commences, he cries, he groans, he flies into a passion, he wishes for death, and he calls on death with great cries. Then comes the hour of dinner; he is placed at table and supplied, he eats plentifully of all the dishes, though he declares he wants nothing, as his last hour approaches. At the dessert his figure is reanimated, his eyebrows stand up, and sometimes his eyes, sunk in their orbits, flash fire. At length we leave the table. There, in an immense easy chair, he crosses his legs, places his two stumps on his knees (hands he has none, he has only a sort of appendage which resembles a patte de vie), and continues his interrogations. They always turn upon eating. "The rains have been abundant. There will be many mushrooms in the wood at autumn. What a pity, doctor, that I cannot follow you in the walks of St. Genevieve! I have not strength to walk." Digestion commences—a word becomes rare—little by little his eyes close—he is in ten hours on the couch, and sleep carries him into the land of dreams—his reveries are all of what he will eat to-morrow.

THE LONDON PRESS.

We have been favoured by a friend with the Parliamentary Return of the number of stamps issued monthly to the London newspapers—of the number of advertisements published in each—and of the amount of the duties paid thereon. The whole paper is not sufficiently entertaining to the general colonial reader to induce us to copy it entire. We give, however, "the number" of the leading papers (alphabetically) and of their advertisements. The month is March, 1837. The first column is the name of the journal, the second the monthly amount of stamps, the third the monthly amount of advertisements. The papers published daily and weekly, and three times a-week, are too well known to need mention:—

Table with 3 columns: Name of publication, Monthly amount of stamps, Monthly amount of advertisements. Includes titles like Age, Atlas, Bell, New Bell, Bell's Life, Weekly Herald, Christian Advocate, Public Ledger, County Chronicle, County Herald, Courier, Court Journal, English Chronicle, Englishman, Evening Chronicle, Evening Mail, Examiner, Globe, Ball, Literary Gazette, London Gazette, London Mercury, London Journal, London Dispatch, Morning Advertiser, Morning Chronicle, Morning Herald, Morning Post, Metropolitan, Magnet, Naval and Military Gazette, News, Observer, Review, Satirist, Spectator, Standard, St. James's Chronicle, Sunday Times, New ditto, Sunday Globe, Times, True Sun, New ditto, United Service Journal, Watchman, Weekly Post, Weekly Chronicle, Weekly True Sun.

It is a remarkable fact that some of the weekly journals publish more in one day than do the most influential daily papers in one week. For example.—The Times has the largest circulation of any daily paper, its monthly circulation is 240,000, or about 8,500 each publication. The Dispatch publishes 263,000 monthly, or about 65,000 each publication. So also many others, but not so the advertisements. In this most profitable part of the emoluments of a newspaper, the Times stands pre-eminent. It averages upwards of 300 advertisements every publication—many of them charged several guineas each.

A Scotch Scholar.—Dr. Adam, in his youth, lodged in a small room at Restalrig, in the north-eastern suburbs; and, for this accommodation, he paid fourpence a-week. All his meals, except dinner, uniformly consisted of oatmeal made into porridge, together with small beer, of which he only allowed himself half a bottle at a time. When he wished to dine, he purchased a penny loaf at the nearest baker's shop, and, if the day was fair, he would despatch his meal in a walk to the meadows or Hope Park, which is adjoining to the southern part of the city; but, if the weather was foul, he had recourse to some long and lonely stair, which he would climb, eating his dinner at every step. By this means all expence for cookery was avoided, and he wasted neither coals nor candles; for, when he was chill, he used to run till his blood began to glow; and his evening studies were always prosecuted under the roof of some one or other of his companions.—Chambers's Lives of Scotsmen.

Depth of Mind.—Mr. A., in debating a question relating to the selfishness of human nature, endeavoured to illustrate his views by an account of his own actions. Mr. President, in rising to address the company, said, in allusion to Mr. A.'s speech, "Gentlemen, we are particularly indebted to Mr. A.—for his having dived so deeply into the recesses of his own mind; so much so, indeed, as completely to lose himself. One thing, however, is certain, that Mr. A.—is not a man of shallow mind, for how is it possible to get out of one's depth in shallows?"—Memoirs of the Ciceronian Club, Vol. III, page 206, MS.

A New Light.—When Cowper was made Bishop of Galloway an old woman, who had been one of his parishioners at Perth, and a favourite, could not be persuaded that her minister had deserted the ministerial cause. Resolved to satisfy herself, she paid him a visit in the Cononate, where he had his residence as Dean of the Chapel Royal. The retinue of servants through which she passed staggered the good woman's confidence, and, on being ushered into the room where the bishop sat in state, she exclaimed, "Oh, sir, what is this? And ye ha' really left the guid cause, and turned prelate!" "Janet," said the bishop, "I have got new light upon these things." "So I see, sir," replied Janet, "for when ye was at Perth ye had but as candle, and now ye've got twa before ye; that's a' your new light."—McCrie's Life of Andrew Melville.