EXECUTION .- Yesterday morning the se ven unhappy men, convicted at the last Criminal Court of the murder of an Aboriginal Black, unknown, were led to the place of execution. Four of the men were attended by the Rev. Mr. Cowper and Hynds, and the other three by the Rev. Mr. M'Encroe, Roman Catholic Minister. They all appeared penitent, but uttered not a syllable at at the place of execution, and after being exhorted, at the foot of the awful drop, in the usual way, they ascended, about five minutes past nine o'clock, the platform, where they were again addressed by the clergymen, while the executioners were doing their sad duty, by allixing the ropes and drawing on the caps. At a quarter past nine the drop fell, and the unfortunate men were ushered into eternity. The assembly to witness the sad scene was greater than on any former occasion of the kind.

DEATH .- At her residence, Elizabeth street south, on Thursday morning last, Harriet, wife of Mr. C. Rhodius, artist, in the seventeenth year

#### Derwent Potatoes. NINE SHILLINGS PER CWI.

THE Undersigned having received a large supply of Brown's River Poatoes, ex Marian Watson and Coromandel, from Hobart Town, is enabled to sell them at his Grocery and Provision Warchouse, 35, York street, near the corner of Market-street, at the moderate price of Niue Shillings per Cwt, or picked at Ten Shillings per Cwt, not to be equalled in Sydney.

HENRY PECKHAM.

## DERWENT Seed Potatoes,

Seven Shillings per Cwt.

THE Undersigned has on Sale at his Grocery and Provision Warehouse, 35, Yorkstreet, DERWENT SEED POTATOES of the following kinds:-BLACK POTATOE

PINK EYE Ditto APPLE Ditto, WHITE ROUGH Ditto AT SEVEN SHILLINGS Per Cut.

HENRY PECKHAM. All kinds of Groceries, Butter, Cheese Bacon, &c. &c. at his usual moderate prices.

#### ADVERTISEMENT.

To the Editor of the Sydney Herald.

SIR.—If my father, in notifying to the Public, through your columns, that he would not be responsible for debts that I may contract, or pay any further orders of mine, had had the candour to state the reason of his refusal, I might probato state the reason of his remain, I might produce bly have taken no notice of such an aunounce ment; but as he has sought to exalt himself at the expense of my reputation, I conceive that no feeling of consideration for his advanced years, or mental infirmities, should preclude me from de-fending myself from the injurious suspicious that his potice is calculated to produce upon the mind fending myself from the injurious suspicious that his notice is calculated to produce upon the mind of the Public With regard to the accounts that I have contracted, I have to say they are but few, and of very inconsidurable amount, and have been in his possession some time past for liquidation, and I am greatly disappointed that he has not yet paid them. And such orders as I have heretofore drawn are in perfect accordance with his letter to me of the 29th October last, whorein he concaves to pay all them out, and to wherein he engages to pay all them out, and to a certain sum independently thereof—the full amount of which I have not yet drawn.

I now peg to apprise my Futher, notwithstanding his Notice, that I shall continue to draw upon him for the full amount of the rent of my house in George street, which he is under engagement to pay over to me save only in expense of ar-teration.) And I likewise request of him, the favor of furnishing ms with an account of the proceeds of my share of certain horned cattle, that he has invested in his business during the last fifteen years, and on account of which I have never received one penny, although on a moderate calculation they would be worth about £800, provided he has received the full number.

It will be proper to state that I have received a number of horned stock, that were promised the proper to state that I have received a number of horned stock.

me by my father ten years ago, but I cannot consider them as an equivalent for my own, which he never had any claim upon, nor any authority to appropriate.

W. P. WILSHIRE. Wilshirehurst, Kurrajong, L December 11, 1838.

CAUTION

TO FREE and HIRED SERVANTS, by entering the Petersham Estate, by shipping a rail in the fence, with intent to defraud the Lessee. An assigned servant of Mr. Thomas Steel, was tried by the Bench, and found guilty of stealing a load of wood, value one shilling, and sentenced twelve calendar months to a chain

W. M'KOEN.

## NEW **LICENSING ACT**

G R NICHOLLS, Esq. THE undersigned informs the numerous Applicants for the shore West plicants for the above Work, that it is published THIS DAY.

W. MOFFITT.

Christmas Presents and New Year's Gifts.

JUST LANDED, an assortment of splendid Wax Dolls, Ladies' Work Boxes, and Writing Desks, Fancy Baskets, Foot Balls, Cricket Bats and Balls of all sorts, Toys, Whips, Guns, Swords, &c., &c., at

MRS. HORDERN'S. No. 12, King street, Terry's Buildings, between Pit and Castlereagh streets.

## NOTICE.

WE, the undersigned, will on Monday, the 24th instant, REDUCE our COACH FARES to and from Sydney, to Liverpool, and Campbelltown, after the following rates:—

From Sydney to Campbelltown. 8 0 Outside.

Ditto ditto ... 10 0 Inside.

From Sydney to Liverpool ... 5 0 Ontside.

Ditto ditto ... 6 6 Inside.

From Liverpool to Campbelltown 4 0 Outside.

Ditto ditto 5 0 Inside.

JOHN IRELAND & CO.

TO GENERAL DEALERS. TO LET,

SHOP and PREMISES in Prince-street A doing a good business - Rent very moderate.

Possession can be had on the 1st of January next. Apply on the premises to

MR. WILLIAM COOMBER. Sydney, December 15.

#### JOHN LLOYD SMITH,

CARCASE BUTCHER,

ESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public in general, that having entered into Partnership with his Brother-in-law, Mr. Salmon, (late of the "Rose Inn," Penrith) all parties to whom he is indebted will please to send oarties to whom he is indepted with please to send in their accounts for Liquidation, on or before the first of January, 1839, and all parties who are indebted to him will also please to settle their accounts with him, on or before the same date, as it is absolutely necessary for him to close all his accounts prior to the commencement of the New Year—and also begs to notify, that after the 1st of January the business will be carried on under the firm of

SMITH AND SALMON. CARCASE BUTCHERS,

GEORGESTREET,

and hope to receive a continuation of the public patronage enjoyed by J. L. S.
George street, December 17, 1838.

To Ship Owners, Captains, &c FOR SALE,

ONE BOA'T Carwell built, flat, stoutly timbered, between thirteen and fourteen

feet long.
One eighteen feet clinch work boat; One eleven ditto, both copper fastened, may be seen at J Wards', boat builder, adjoining Aspinall & Brown's Wharf, Windmill-street.

Boats of all descriptions built to Order. December 19, 1836.

### To Publicans in General. W ANTED to purchase, a Publican's Licence

with or without the House. For further particulars, Apply at HENRI FISHER'S, Rectifier, George-street.

#### JUST RECEIVED EX "CITY OF EDINBURGH"

MRS. W. WOOLCOTT'S. A VERY Superior Investment of Baby Linen, Children's Mousseline de Laine, Victoria Gingham, White Muslin and Satteen Dresses, Drawn Silk Satin and Honeycomb Cambric Bonnets, White Muslin Tippets and Sleeves, Printed Holland, Pinafores, a greavariety of Silk, Kid, and Worsted Boots and Shoes Boy's Cloth, Victoria and Coronation Plaid Coats and Trowsers, French Cambric Insertions and Edging Satin, Silk and Gauze Scars and Handkerchies, with a large assortment of other

new and fashionable articles.

Mrs. W. can confidently recomn end the above as of the very best quality, and newest fashions, being expressly made and imported to her orders-Baby Linen Warehouse, No. 7, George street, opposite the Treasury. December 18th, 1838.

#### NOTICE.

W HEREAS, MY WIFE SARAH BUTCHER, has without any just cause withdrawn herself from my protection, I hereby caution every person or persons from harbouring or maintaining her, as I will prosecute them to the utmost rigour of the Law.

BALDACK BUTCHER, Opposite Mrs Newman's, Castlerengh-street Enquire at the Cherry Tree. Sydney, 18th December, 1838.

SALES BY AUCTION.

## " Samuel Baker's" CARGO.

MR. A. POLACK WILL SELL BY AUCTION,

On SATURDAY next, the 22nd Instant at 12 o'clock precisely, at his Rooms, by order of T. U. RYDER, Esq. the entire Cargo of the Schooner

"Samuel Baker,"

CONSISTING OF THOUSAND ONE HUN-DRED & THIRTY MATS MAU-RITIUS SUGAR 471 BAGS RICE

2000 BUNDLES RATTANS 100 CASES OLIVE OIL

Samples may be seen on application at the Office of the Autioneer. The whole will be put up in Lots agreea-

bly to samples. Terms made known at the time of Sale.

MR SAMUEL SOLOMON I Sinstructed to Sell by Auction, on SATUR-DAY the 22nd December, instant, at Crampton's Hotel, Pitt-street, the following articles, the Proprietor, Mr Richard Crampton, having purchased the good-will of the "Rose Inn," Penrith, whither he is about to remove.

Two splendid Billiard Tables, by Thurston India rubber cushions, with apparatus complete Spirit Fountains and Beer Engines Bar Fixtures

Lamps Household Furniture of every description Plate, &c.

Tinte, &c.
Wines, Ale, Porter, &c.
Two bullock Drays, Horses, &c.
And a variety of other valuable property.
The terms are liberal, and will be made known

AFTER WHICH,
About 240,000 of superior BRICKS, a fair
sample of which will be produced at the time of Sale.
The Terms are liberal, and will be made known at time of Sale.

## TO ROPE MAKERS.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, BY J. T. WILSON

At his extensive rooms, 74, George-street, o THURSDAY the 27th day of December, COMPLETE SET of Rope Making Ma-

 ${f A}$  chinery, consisting of Jacks Winches Bobbing frames

Spinning Wheel Equalling Machine And Tarring Apparatus complete
A Complete new Set of Hickles consisting of 5 kegs 5 Roughers

3 Frame Cleaners With spare pins, Sitts, &c., for each, made to order in London, for dressing New Zealand Flax, the whole to be sold without reserve, to

close an Account. Also, to Let, The established rope walk at M'Laren's Wharf

North Shore, well adapted for carrying on the rope-making business, having all the necessary fixtures complete; it is also well adapted to any purpose requiring commodious premises as a Cooperage, Slaughter-house, &c., and on which is erected a comfortable weather-boarded Cotage. Stope Store Stead Blacksmith's Shop tage, Stone Store, Shed, Blacksmith's Shop, Mens' Huts, &c. Nov. 19, 1838. Terms and Conditions at Sale.

### SALES BY AUCTION.

EXTENSIVE SALE

PLATE, JEWELLERY, &c. By J. T. WILSON

At his established Sale Rooms, 74, George-street, at half-past 10 for 11 o'clock, ON WEDNESDAY, 19TH DECEMBER,

A N extensive assortment of the most fashionable London-made Jewellery ever sent to the Colony : he Colony;—
Ladies' Ring Brooches
Ditto ditto Lockets
Gold, Coral, and Cornelian Ear-rings
Amlet Necklaces

Beautifully chased Gold Scals - Rings, various Standard Gold Wedding Rings

A great variety of very valuable rom first rate London Houses And, at twelve o'clock, the undermentioned Plate and Plated Ware, being the property of a gentleman leaving this metropolis for the

Watche

A splendid Tea Set, with Spoons, Ladle, Fish Slice, Tea Pot, Candlesticks, and Cruets, to match—and for workmanship and beauty these articles stand unrivalted in the colony. Also, a very rare collection of ancient Greek Roman, and English Silver Coin, well worthy the attention of Antiquarians and those who are fond of the marvellous, as a guide to the studies of these Coins will be sold with them, the latest edition of the Pneumatic Journal.

Terms-Under £20, Cash, above that sum as approved bill at 3 months

To Agriculturists and Private Gentlemen.

# J. T. WILSON

A NNOUNCES that he has been honoured with instructions to offer by private bargain, the undermentioned valuable sections of Land, situated in the district of Lake Macquarie, containing by admeasurement

2,560 ACRES,

and distant only fifteen miles from the flourishing

# MAITLAND and NEWCASTLE

Upon it is erected a Dwelling-house, with requisites for such an establishment. One pad dock of 50 acres is cleared and fenced, and has been under cultivation; also, a paddock of 300 acres, fenced, bounded on two sides by a fresh water creek, in which there is abundance of water in the driest seasons. This was one of the first grants selected in the neighbourhood, and is adapted for either an agricultural or dairy farm, there being about 800 acres, fit for cultivation, and one of the most extensive Cattle luns at the back, in the whole Colony. The Terms are highly liberal, which will be Parlour Bellows made known on application at the offices, 74,

To Capitalists & Speculators

## J. T. WILSON

A NNOUNCES to the Capitalists of Austra lia, that he has been instructed to offer them by Private Contract, the undermentioned valuable Live Stock, Land, and Properties, which, if not immediately Sold, will be offered to Public Competition on an early day, of which due notice will be given, the

FIRST, of the celebrated fine Dock Farm

George street.

SECOND, Consists of two allotments of Land situated in Kent-street north, with a frontage of 34 feet 8 Tool Boxes inches thereto, and 50 feet deep

THIRD,
Three allotments of Land at Wollongong, situated in the finest part of the country, being lots 5, 6, and 7 of a former plan.

FOURTH,

Four allotments at Appin, with an extensive frontage to Church street, being lots 15, 16, 17, Bill Metal

and 18 of section 2. FIFTH, Thirty Acres of Land in Pearl Bay, adjoining

the Land now advertised as North Shore Property, and within two miles of the reserve for the town of St. Leonard. SEVENTH.

Two other lots of the Five Dock Farm, measur-

ing 61 acres, and having a large frontage to the Parramatta Road, and Bay. EIGHTH,

One Village allotment at Muswell Brook, with frontage to the Church, and abutting on a marked out street. NINTH,
Sixty two acres of Land in the county of Cook,

on the New line of Bathurst Road near the Pil-

One of the best

## DAIRY FARMS,

at Brisbane Water, measuring 160 acres, or thereabouts, immediately on the Navigation, with a convenient house and other outbuildings rected thereon. ELEVENTH.

Five Hundred superior-bred Ewes, ages from 11 to 3 years, warranted never to have been dis

TWELVTH. 119 Head of superior Durham-bred crossed Cat tle, consisting of Bullocks,

Steers.

THIRTEENTH,

A first-rate Country Inn, now in full business, and returning a very handsome Income, the proprietor leaving from his pockets overflowing. with a retail Store, also attached, capable of returning £10,000 per annum, at a profit of £100

the Pilgrim, distant about 40 miles from Syd. Cedar ditto FIFTEENTH.

500 Head of Horned Cattle, depasturing at Menaroo, consisting of 100 Milch Cows 100 Stuers & 1 to 2 years old

200 () xen, Heifers, &c., and some fat Pletures, in frames Cooking Utensils Further particulars may be ascertained at the Office, 74, George-street, where also may be seen the Deeds of the greater part of the Properties, And a variety of other Goods, too numerous to with Plans of the same.

### SALES BY AUCTION.

Extensive Sale of Merchandise.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, BY

### J. T. WILSON,

TO MORROW, the 20% inst., on the Premise of Edward Lee, Esq., Bligh-street, at half-past Ten for Eleven o'clock, and positively without reserve, being to close accounts,

THE undermentioned MERCHANDISE Yiz:-Teneriffe Wines, in half pipes Red ditto ditto Claret, in one dozen cases Cider, in three dozen cases Marzetti Ale, in ditto
Port and Sherry Wines, in ditto cases
Paint, Oil, and Turpentine
Bottled Lime Juice, in three dozen casks.

Preserved Fruits, Jams, Jellies, and Mince Meats
Red Herrings and Pickled Salmon, in kits
Mustard and Pickles, in cases
Five hundred bundles Rattan and Split Rattan Ship Bread, common and cabin

Crates English Ginger Beer and Soda Water Bottles . Drugs - Epsom Salts, Soda, Sal-Ammonia, Balls Cardamoms, Vivam, Vitriol, &c. in small packages, fit for the country One tierce square fig American Tobacco, duty

paid Sixty mats finest white Siam Sugar One hundred ditto ditto ditto East and West India ditto
One hundred and fifty mats finest assorted Gro-

cers' sugars
Ten kegs Irish Butter, first quality, Cork rose Letter and Printers' Paper A very great quantity of empty Casks and Kegs Deal Boards, a quantity cut in half, three quarter, and one inch sizes

English Ash, in plank, two inches and half

thick A lot of Stares Three tons fine soft hackled Flax, fit for stuffing mattresses Cigars-Manilla and Kyongee

With a variety of other Goods, too numerous to particularise And in Bond, Two hundred boxes Cigars
Fifteen certificates of Gin, slightly tinged, well

adapted to shipping purposes.

## Terms, highly liberal, declared at Sale. EVENING SALE.

J. T. WILSON

Announces to the Colonists generally, that he will hold an Evening Salo of

FANCY GOODS. On FRIDAY NEXT, the 21st instant, at half-

past Seven o'clock precisely, when he will offer to them, at his established Rooms, THE UNDERMENTIONED GOODS.

Plated Wares Smelling Bottles Nec daces Snuffers and Trave Pipes Draft Boards Chess Mon Clocks, 21 day movement Ditto Musical ditto Double and single barrel Fowling Pieces Looking Glasses Writing Desks

Barometers A splendid selection of Toys, viz.

Dissecting Map
Ditto ditto No. 2 Ditto ditto No. 3 Maps of the World, in mahogany boxes Historical Amusements Grecian Architects Architectural Games, No. 1 Microscopes

Toy Watches Polished ditte Games, the Elegant World Flower Games Mosaic Games Panoramas Oriental Painting Moving Pictures Handbills

Changcable Winds Little Painters Gilliat Tables Magic Lanthorns Fruits

Magical Geess Fishing Boats

Printing Papers, 41 and 7 Embroidering Box Polished Guns Kaleidescopes Boxes Colors, in shells Large Boxes, in ditto Ladies on Horseback Spring up Figures, in hoxes Tumbling Figures
Musical tops Sundry Toys

Ditto Toy shepherds Menageries Noah's Ark

Six nest Reticule Baskets Terms at Sale.

#### FURNITURE SALE. TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, BY J. T. WILSON,

On SATURDAY next, at Eleven o'clock, at his established Rooms, OFAS SETTEES
Chairs, spring bottoms

Ditto Cane Ditto Bed-room Ditto Kitchen per centum.

FOURTEENTH,

Dining and Card Tables
Loo and Pembroke ditto
Mahogany four post Budsteads Iron ditto Dressing Glasses Washhand Stands Chest of Drawers Dressing Tables Mattrasses

Dining Tables, in sets

insert.

Torms at Sale.

SALES BY AUCTION.

## **SPLENDID** Landed Properties

TO THE

Aristocracy of Australia, the Speculators in Land, the Lovers of Interest, the Admirers of Scenery and the Fathers of Families,

#### J. T. WILSON

Announces, that he has been instructed by the Proprietor to dispose of by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 8th day of January, 1839, at his extensive Rooms, No. 74, George-street, at half past 11

THE undermentioned Valuable Landed Properties, the first parcel of which is situated

# New Town.

and is laid out in six valuable Allotments, in Plan No. 1, as follows:---

LOT I -Contains 2 acres, 0 roods, 10 perches; has a frontage of 160 feet to the Cook's River Road, and bounded on one side by the splendid property of the Hon. R. Campbell, M. C. LOT II—Contains 2 acres, I rood, 29 perches, is bounded also on one side by the splendid Preperty of the Hon. R. Campbell, M. C., and a frontage of 160 feet to the Government Road,

which is now being completed. I.OT III.—Contains 2 acres, 1 rood, 29 perches and has a frontage of 160 feet to the Government Road mentioned in last Lot, and bounded on either sides by Lots 2 and 6.

LOT IV-Contains 2 acres, 0 roods, 12 perches and has a frontage of 160 feet to the Cook's River Road, and is bounded on either side by

LOT V—Contairs 2 acres, 0 roods, 14 perches; has a frontage of 160 feet to the Cook's River Road, and is bounded on either side by the Property of Mr. H. Mace and Lot 4. LOT VI-Contains 2 acres, 0 roods, 14 perches;

has a frontage of 160 feet to the Government Road mentioned in Lot 2, and on either side by the Property of Mr. H. Mace and Lot 3. The above described property, on Plan No. 1, it is almost needless to say, is situated in the

## Most Wealthy District

of New South Wales: it is bounded on all sides by the Lands of gentlemen whose spirit and enterprize are proverbial through the colony, and the rapid improvements they are making is a sufficient guarantee that the Allotments now offered will double in value by the expiration of the year 1839.

The old residents 'tis not necessary to point out that New Town has long been selected by the ELITE of SYDNEY as the spot where they may abide in peace, and seek repose apart from the din of this busy city, where they might steal to the quiet cot, and renew their wearied frames—they might inhale

# The Purest Air,

that Nature ever gave-where they might ensure the health of themselves, their consorts, and their It is indeed an established fact that, while the whole of this Capital has been suffering under

one of the most fatal diseases that ever attacked a Metropolis, that the residents here have enjoyed the blessings of health in

One continued Stream, The scenery from these Alloments is beyond description, magnificent—and the Auctionee feels, that although he has viewed the un bounded Landscape from the spot, that 'tis not in his power to do justice with his pen, still there are some beauties which nevertheless 'ti his duty to endeavour to pourtray—first then, it must be born in mind, that this Land having the highest elevation of the Neighbourhood,

commands an immense extent of LANDSCAPE SCENERY;

in the front is seen winding its sinuous course in gentle ripples the

### Calm Waters of Cook's River, while further in the distance is

BOTANY BAY.

as the eye roves farther from its home, the bold Headlands are seen lowering aloft, and looking down in frowning Majesty on the Bosom of the Mighty Deep,

while ever and anon the attention is arrested by the passing of the little Vessels from this Wealthy Mart to the Districts of Illawarra and Bateman's Bay.

On the one side is the beautiful Villa and Pleasure Grounds of A. B. Spark, Esq., in the unbounded views of Hill and Dale, forming one of the finest Landscapes nature ever painted;

## The Church,

the Gardens, the Cots of residents laid out with splendid taste, give life and variety to the scenery, whilst in the rear the Estates of Petersham and Annandale, with an unlimited extent of country, may be looked upon with neverending joy.

To Gentlemen desirous of establishing them selves in respectable society, an opportunity is now offered to them. To Guardians requiring to invest the capital entrusted to their care, 'tis a most desirable chance, and to Speculators in land nothing requires to be said.

Plan No. 2, consists of 6 Allotments, beautifully situated on the North Shore of the Harbour of Port Jackson.

LOT 1 contains 1 acro rood and 0 perches; is bounded on one side by the valuable pro perty of T. Barker, Esq.,; on another by the Government Road, and has a frontage thereto of 660 feet, and a very extensive frontage to Port Jackson, looking into "Curconing Bay." LOT. 2 contains 1 acro 0 rooks 20 perches; has a frontage of 490 feet to the aforesaid Govern-ment Road, leading to the township of St. Loonard, and on the other sides by Neutr

Harbour and Lot No. 3.

## SALES BY AUCTION.

LOT 3 contains 1 acre 1 rood 20 perches; is bounded on one side by the property of Mr. Brown, and on the other sides by Neutral Harbour, the reserved road, and Lot 2.

LOT 4 is bounded on three sides as last lot, and on the fourth by Lot 5, and contains 1 acre I rood and 20 perches. LOT 5 contains 1 acre 1 rood 10 perches; has

a frontage at each end to Neutral Harbour and the Government Road, and on either sides by Lots 4 and 6. LOT 6 contains 1 acre 1 rood 0 perches; is

bounded on three sides by the Government Road, the property of J. Weller, Esq., and Neutral Harbour, and on the fourth side by

Plan No. 3 contains 6 Allotments delightfully

## *Little Sirius Cove*

and is bounded in front by little Strius Cove, A the right by the property of James Holt, Esq in the rear by that of Ambrose Hallen, Esq and to the left by that of Messrs. Milliard and

> Lot 1 contains 1 0 30 2 " 1 0 23 3 " 1 0 16 1 0 25

Lindley.

In endeavouring to offer a few remarks upon this land J. T, would preface by saying that he has never been entrusted with a Sale of Property so well deserving the attention of Capitalists, Merchants, and others connected with shipping interests, as is the one now brought under their notice; it is, as will be seen by the Plans, formed chiefly of the headlands, jutting orth into the very centre of

## Port Jackson Harbour.

The Allotments of Plan No. 3 have deep water, say 10 fathoms alongside, and were ori-ginally purchased for Private Wharfs. For the Establishment of Ship Builders' yards, Whaling, Coopering, or other Premises, these Allotments offer an opportunity at a triffing expense, which never can occur again, as all the Land in the vicinity of Sydney Covs

having water frontage is actually disposed of. This spot is also peculiarly adapted for the erect Leonard is fast progressing, its value must daily be on the increase; the road thereto passes through the heart of the Land, and is, in fact, the only passable road to it; the ground is of first rate quality, and the Allotments are arranged of sufficient extent. ranged of sufficient extent for gardens, pleasure grounds, &c., the purity of the air is not surpassed in the world, and the scenery has been justly said to rival in beauty the much admired

## Harbour of Rio de Janeiro.

On the north is overlooked a richly wooded country, studded thickly with the residences of the private Gentlemen of Sydney; on the east the Bays, Inlets, and Islands of Port Jackson, in all their endless variety; on the south the Town of Sydney, with its costly and majestic Buildings, and the bason of the Cove laden with the wealth of various nations; whilst to the west the Parramatta River, with her many host of trading Craft, and an exteut of

#### Wood and Water Scenery form a tout ensemble-much easier imagined than described.

Purchasers of Land for interest sake alone,

should examine well into the merits of this Pro-

perty-'tis a certain investment-ensuring a return by increase in value of 50 per cent. per Annum. It is adapted to purposes without end, and to avoid, therefore, too lengthy and tedious adver-

tisement, the Auctioneer respectfully solicits the Public generally to view the Land prior to the day of sale.

#### Conditions at sale. Plans at the Offices, No. 74, George-street. VELVETS, BROADCLOTHS,

And Kerseymeres. J. T. WILSON WILL SELL BY AUCTION,

the 19th instant, immediately after his Sale of FEW ENDS of BROADCLOTHS, of an A FEW ENDS of DROAD-CLUS, Some Ends of Velvet, of superior quality.

At his established Sale Rooms, THIS DAY,

# Also,—A few Ends of Kerseymeres, ditto. Terms at Sale.

# Wolldneong.

J. T. WILSON HAS much pleasure in announcing to the Australian World that he has received in-Private Contract, and if not shortly sold, to bring to the hammer on an early day, of which

## ue notice will be given,

A BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE A rected on a half-acre allotment in the flourishing and daily increasing TOWNSHIP of WOLLONGONG.

so justly celebrated for its salubrity of clim, and as the resort of the HAUT TON OF AUSTRALIA. The Situation is beyond description healthy and delightful, and its proximity to the Beach and deightful, and its proximity to the Beach renders it peculiarly available for exercise, either pedestrian or equestrian. The surrounding country is studded over with the Villas, of the most respectable part of the community, and thus if the purchaser should desire to recruit his health during the

SULTRY SUMMER.

he can steal to his Cot, and though in retirement, may, by the excellent Society of the neighbourhood, be kept from "ennui," so frequently complained of in many parts of the Colony.

J. T. W. must not omit to point out the elegenstance of its being in contamilation. circumstance of its being in contemplation to establish this as one of the Watering places of this rising country; indeed Wollongong has so long been colobrated for its

SEA BATHING. that some of the wisest heads of New South Wales have, years gone by, foretold that it must eventually be the

BRIGHTON OF AUSTRALIA; and there is sufficient land for the establishment of a Splendid Garden, large enough to supply the Family with every description of Vegetables.

The Title is unexceptionable, and all particulars may be learned at the Offices, 74, George.

## Lydney General Trade List.

IMPORTS Peporte from the 8th to the 15th instant inclusive.

December 11—JAMES PATTISON (ship), 513 tons, Cromarty, master, from London, W Walker & Co., agents; 30 tuns salt, 1 puncheon rum, 47 water butts, 1 Durham cow and calf, W Malker & Co. Walker & Co.,; 18 sheets lead, 462 bars iron, 10 barrels raisins, 4 caroteels currants, 6 bales cotton shirts, 1 bale tarpaulins, 36 bales blankets, 6 cases haberdashery, 3 cases haberdashery and apparel, 40 casks bottled beer, 70 boxes soap, 4 hogsheads sugar, 30 casks rum, 10 casks brandy, 4 caroteels currants, 5 barrels raisins, 40 boxes starch, 20 boxes blue, 7 bales slops, 37 boxes oilmen's stores, Monteforcs, Breillat, & Co.; 7 packages
British goods, J S Rodd; 80 bundles iron, 5
packages British goods, Windeyer; 4 pack
ages British goods, G Cox; 1 case cutlery,
Miss Fann; 89 water butts, W S Deloitte
& Co.; 15 tierces Humbro' beef, J Cromarty.
December 13 — CITY OF EDINBURGH

(barque), 366 tons, Thompson, master, from London, A B Spark, agent; 10 tierces negrohead tobacco, 9 quarter casks Sherry wine, 2 bales white counterpanes, 3 bales blankets, 2 bales as-corted slops, 2 bales moleskins, 1 bale woollen slops I case woollen cloth, T W Smart; 15 casks corks and British goods, 1 phaeton, 10 baskets-, 56 cases I hogshead 2 quarter casks wine, I box British goods, 20 kegs nails, 12 casks provisions, A B Spark; 4 crates 2 casks British goods, W G Boucher; 50 casks beer, 120 casks bottled beer, 20 barrels ale, 25 hogsheads 100 cases Geneva, 24 quarter casks 58 cases Port wine, 4 butts 8 hogs-heads 12 quarter casks 51 cases Sherry wine, 10 puncheous 10 hogsheads 18 quarter casks brandy, 30 cases Champagne, 50 puncheons 50 hogsheads rum, 19 cases cherry brandy, R Brownlow & Co; 75 cases oilman's stores, 6 cases musical instruments, Salting & Garrard: 2 casks 15 cases Bri ments, Saiting & Garrara: 2 cases io cases of this goods, Hughes & Hosking; & cases & casks 1 bundle hardware, 16 kegs shot, Levick & Younger; 5 hales cottons, 5 bales slops, & cases haberdashery, 1 case merinos, 2 cases woollen cloth, 3 gigs; C Appleton & Co.; 2 bales British goods, 6 tierces tobacco, 1 case soups, 2 bales woolbagaing B Janes & Co.; 1 case wearing appagel, 11 ging, R Jones & Co.; I case wearing apparel, Il bales 16 cases I crate British goods, 3 cases foreign goods, 2 cases paper, W Walker & Co.; 8 cases 4 bales British goods, 30 cases gin, Aspinall Browne & Co.; 2 cases British goods, 5 cases glassware, 423 bars 80 bundles iron, T Smith; I case milinery, 9 cases fancy goods, 5 bales British goods, 2 thrashing machines, Gilchrist & Alexander; 3 cases British goods, J Cohen & Co.; 1 case cloth ing, L Isaacs; I box seeds, W Browne; I box plate, T Bell; I bale slops, A Hordern; 5 tierces tobacco, Lamb & Parbury; 2 trusses 1 case 4 bales clothing, Rams y & Young; 33 cases 2 bales 2 casks 2 bundles haberdashery, milinery, and hosiery, Melville & Andrews; 6 trunks shoes, M Blanchard; 1 case -, Woolcott; 1 case, Cooper & Holt; 4 cases cottons, 1 case glass, 3 cases wine, C F Warne; 15 cases 2 bales apparel and slops, Moses Joseph; 8 cases wine, 2 cases brandy, Maclean; 4 trusses 6 bales slops, 4 cases haberdashery, C J Campbell; 1 case medicines, C Edwards; 1 case —, Irving Lamb & Co.; 32 half barrels gunpowder, R C Gordon; 7 cases musical instruments, E Hickey; 6 hoxes 2 casks Bri tish goods, M C Cashmore; 4 cases, J Tegg; 1 box apparel J B Metcalfe; 1 box 1 cask iron mongery, J Williams; I case stationery, Bank of Australia; I box haberdashery, I box apparei, S A Donaldson; I case, H Hart; I box —, J I Mil ler; I box, G Warren; I puncheon, Petty's Hotel; 1 case, R Ilow; 1 box ], Parsons; 8 casks Hambro' beef, 8 casks Hambro' pork, Captain Thompson; 2 casks ironmongery, 1 package Lesiery, 2 bales prints, 1 case stationery, 16 cases paper, 11 crates 5 casks carthonware, 3 cases 4 bales British goods, 12 empty butts, 1 case 2 easks medicines, A Saunders; 29 bales 2 cases 1 cask British goods, 3 casks seeds, Order; 8 cases 1 bale cottons, A Mitchell.

December 12—LINDSAYS (barque), 220 tons, Walsh, master, from Twofold Bay, 111 head cattle, W Walker & Co.

December 14-MEDUSA (barque), 389 tons, Purdie, master, from London, W S Deloitte & Co., agents; 5 cases 4 tierces tobacco, 9 bales blankets, 20 hogsheads ale, 1 bale woollens, 4 bales wool bags, J Hopkins; 30 tierces tobacco, 7 bales slops, 1 bale shirts, 4 bales blankets, R Campbell; 2 cases apparel, 2 cases haberdashery, Rickards; I box muslins Ramsay & Young; 220 casks cider, 10 barrels ale, 8 kegs blue, 4 cases starch, I case stocks, I case muskets, A Saun ders; 6 hogsheads loaf sugar, 6 cases toys, 1 case walking sticks, 1 case percussion caps, 3 cases musical instruments, 2 cases nankeens, 2 pipes 13 hogsheads 14 quarter casks Port wine. I. & Parbury; 2 britskas, 2 gigs, 1 phæton, Edwards & Hunter; 17 cases sowlingpieces, Salting & Garrard; 9 cases Portugal red wine, Willis, Macinture & Co.: 2 crates earthenware, 3 cases toys, 1 package books, J Tegg; 5 bales 8 cases slops, I case umbrellas, 5 cases cottons and wool. lens, 2 cases Scotch caps, 8 hogsheads sugar, 7 bales 4 cases British goods, P W Flower; 24 eases 2 hogsheads 5 bales 1 cask apparel slops glass and frames, 16 bales 6 cases British goods, R. Bourne; 4 cases engravings, 6 cases plate glass, cask ironmongery, I case cotton fringe, W H Tyrer; 300 cases gin, 9 bales 2 cases British goods, C F Warne; 1 cask—, Irving Lamb, & Co; 2 hogsheads sugar, 1 box—, D Meilan & Co; 1 case 1 package silk manufactures, 3 puncheons hams, 20 casks earthenware, 79 packages British goods, W Walker & Co; 10 hogsheads sugar, 10 quarter casks 40 cases wine, 9 bales 12 cases 5 baskets British goods, I'Smith; 2 cases essential oils. 6 packages drugs, 62 packages British goods, 12 cases oilman's stores, H Mace 3 bales Lagging, 10 cases I bale stationery, 50 casks beer, 43 packages British goods, T Gore & Co.; 1 case watches, A Polack; 1 case 2 bales stationery, 26 packages British goods, Martyn & Coombes; I chest chocolate, 9 cases wine, 3 hogs. heads 2 cases British goods, J Webb; 3 bales dops, 1 case apparel, 6 bales wool sacks, D M'Intyre; 5 pipes spirits, W M'Intyre; 1 case I bale — J Thompson; 10 bales linen bags, 4 cases 4 bales quills, 26 cases 6 casks saddlery, 60 casha beer, 5 casks refined sugar, 20 asks linseed oil, 20 barrels peas, 50 barrels flour, 21 packages furniture, 30 tierces beef, 20 barrels pork, furniture, 30 tierces occi, 20 parreis porn, 30 cases
French wine, 7 hogsheads 20 half hogsheads beer,
30 hogsheads extract of turpentine, 200 hogsheads
porter, 1 cask —, W S Deloitte & Co.; 1 hox.
Mrs. Icely; 1 case, H Bell; 2 boxes, J G Richardson; 40 casks brandy, 8 cases —, Betts Brothers; 1 case —, Rev. G N Wood; 1 case looking glasses, 1 case hats and bonnets, 1 case jewellery, D Peden; 2 cases whaling gear, I B Ottley; 50 casks rum, R How; 11 hogsheads sugar, 30 cans linsced oil, 10 barrels flour, 7 cases -, Order. EXPORTS.

Vessels cleared from the 8st to the 15th instant, inclusive.

December 11.-DUBLIN PACKET, 108 tons, Wells, master for New Zealand : 26 hhds. Bour, 4 bhds. 5 barrels sugar, 4 chest tea, 6 tons stones, 4 puncheons I barrel rum, 6 kegs I case tobacco from bond, 22 half barrels gunpowder, 3 kegs colonial tobacco, 1 barrel earthenware, 4 barrels ironmougery, 2 butts slops, and sundry

packages whaling stores.

December 14.—ADELAIDE, 258 tons, Devlin master, from South Australia via Port Phillip 13 bags sugar, I cask I bag oatmeal, I case glass ware, I case oilman's stores, 2 half chests 3 cheste tea, 3 cases beer engines, 10 boxes mould candles, 2 barrels ale, 2 casks bottled porter, 8 hhds. porter, 1 hhd. 13 cases 3 packages wine, 149 packages furniture, 1 case cottons, 22 kegs colo-nial tobacco, 250 deals, 636 cedar hoards, 14 drays and carts, 11 wheelbarrows, 264 flag stones, 69 hatts 16 bage salt, 10 oll butts, 1 gig, 1 ear-

riage, 4 ploughs, 84 rams, 3 boxes 2 kegs 1 tierce tobacco from bond, I hogshead gin, 32 bugs flour, 21 bales sacks, 53 casks bottled beer, 10 horses, 79 bags maize, 2 cases I cask hardware, 2 cases books, 5 cases slops, 10 packages ironmongery, 22 packages buckets, 10 hogsheads beer, 4 kegs plaster Paris, 4 casks hair, 4 cases window frames, 1 case doors, 1 billiard table, 2 cases haberdashery, 40 kegs butter, 1 cask brandy.

December 15—BEE, 135 tons, Dunning, master, for New Zealand; whaling stores
December 15-HOPE, 273 tons, Graves, master, for Port Phillip, 120 emigrants.

SPIRITS AND TOBACCO.

Stock on hand the 8th instant-B P rum, 80,221 gallons; brandy, 17,449 gallons; gin, 29,771 gallons; other spirits, 7,641 gallons; fig and Cavendish tobacco, 76,445 pounds; Brazil, ditto. 13,710 pounds; unmanufactured ditto. 21,021 pounds; cigars, 32,453 pounds; snuff, 2.678 pounds.

2,078 pounds.

Received during the week.—B. P. rum, nil; brandy, nil; gin, nil; other spirits, nil; fig and Cavendish tobacco, 5,693 pounds; Brazil ditto, nil; ummanufactured, ditto, nil; cigars, nil,

Delivered for home consumption.—B. P. rum 2,634 gallons; brandy, 1,447 gallons; gin, 338 gallons; other spirits, 20 gallons; fig and Cavendish tobacco, 2,942 pounds; Brazil ditto, nil; unmanufactured ditto, 400 pounds; cigara

Delivered for exportation .- B. P. rum, 185 gallons; brandy, nil; gin, 18 gallons; other spirits; 138 gallons; fig and Cavendish tobacço, 2,610 pounds; Brazil ditto, nil; unmanufactured

ditto, nil; cigars, nil; snuff, nil.
Stock on hand the 15th instant.—B. P. rum,
77,402 gallons; brandy, 16,002 gallons; gin, 22,415 gallons; other spirits, 7,482 gallons; fig and Cavendish tobacco, 76,786 pounds, Brazil ditto, 13,710 pounds; unmanufactured ditto, 20,621 pounds; cigars, 31,512 pounds; snuff, 2679 pounds 2,679 pounds.

#### ORIGINAL.

PAPERS FROM MY PORTFOLIO.

RETRIBUTION; OR THE DOOMED. A FRAGMENT.

'Man may be justly entitled the groat destroyer and exterminator of life, without regard to time, place, or circumstance. All the destructive animals fulfil their dire offices upon creatures belonging to other kinds. Even the insatable fercious tiger keeps aloof from his brethren of blood. But when the drums roll, and the trumpets clang, when the banner folds are shaken abroad upon the air—then is man with his boasted reason, preparing to spill the blood of his brother, to drive his desolating whartet over the faces, of his kindred, spread havoe and despair before his path, and leave famine and pestilence to track his footsteps.—"

With angry disk down in the west, The lund sun had sunk to rest; Beneath the waters' boundless space, Had disappear'd his troubled face; nd all was dark, and black, unseen For night had drawn its suble screen

No passing breeze fill'd out the sails, And all was hush'd and still; Save sighing melancholy wails, And ocean's gentle rill.

Anon, a hourse and bellowing sound Came rumbling o'er the sea,

And soon the waves with madden'd bound Did dance with horrid glee; And on their heads the vessel bore,

Then div'd beneath its weight,
While round about the tempest's roat, Consign'd it to its fate. Yet did the Spirit of the Storm Forbear its savage pow'r, And kept aloof the dreaded harm

That o'er it seem'd to low'r .-An echoing peel that rent the sky, And caus'd the lightning's fork to fly, Illum'd the darkness of the night And show'd a stranger sail in sight. Oh! fiendish man, with feelings dead That late with inward fear and dread Sunk trembling down on bended knees, Lest yawning death should on them seize, Now dash away their vague alarms, And cry aloud "The deck clear!—Arms! With thirst for blood, and eager eyes, They strive to catch the passing prize; And every energy is bent, To follow in the track she went: But all around is once more gloom, No star emits its light, nor moon, And while in doubt which course to steer, A deaf'ning roar salutes the ear; Again the vessel they espy.

In this dread hour, no feelings sway But how they best may grasp their prey; And tho' each gust sounds as a knell, They heed not to the warning bell, But onward rush, with breasts all rife To plunge them in the mortal strife. The morning dawns, the storm still raves. The chase still follows o'er the waves; And now they hear the battle's cry, Join'd with the tempests, reach'd the sky, And fill'd the air and seas beneath With troubled sounds of crime and death.

The conflicts o'er-the deed is done-Five hundred souls their lives have run; Five hundred souls have perished there, 'Mid cries of vengeance and despair; The waves did o'er the vessel close, Which ne'er again to sight uprose.

Now all is hush'd in sea and sky, Save one poor wretch in agony,— Who, strong in Death's last ebbing threes, His limbs convulsive, stretch and close, In pangs unutterable:-no aid At rescue for the wretch is made. In vain for help his dying looks implore, The hapless victim sinks to rise no mure Remorseless war-this is thy fiendish fruit The great arch enemy's best lov'd pursuit; When will his universal empire cease? When will conflicting powers live in peace

The elements but now assaug'd, E'en with redoubled fury rag'd, As if with horror they survey'd The fearful ruin man had made Made upon his fellow-man, In his tyrannic pow'r 's brief span; And then indiguantly burst forth And sent their retributive wrath:-The tossing, shatter'd, ruin'd sail Left to the fury of the gale, Her opining timbers groan and creak,
"Till comes the cry "she's sprung a leak"! Another shock—the sea runs in, Uprises the "soul sick'ning din"— Loud execrations, curses, moans, Loud cries for pardon, dying groans.— The thunder's roar, the flashing fire, The howling winds, the waves mad ire— All, all, commingle in the blow That hurls the condign'd ship below .-

BANE AND ANTIDOTE .- " French brandy dis BANE AND ANTIDOTE.—"French brandy dissolved with sulphate of copper," says a New
York paper, "applied once a day, will make
your hair grow." To this a Philadelphia paper
adds, "and if the hair should grow too abundantly, take a quart of French brandy a day,
with a little sugar and nutmeg, and it will
come off again. Thus brandy for your baldness
and brandy for abundant hair."

WHIMBA.

[FROM THE SYDNEY " COLONIST."] THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

We copy the following report of the proceedings of the Commission of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, relative to the recent dissensions in the Colonial Presbyterian Church from the Kelso

Mail of August 20:-COLONIAL CHURCHES.

An extract of the Minutes of a Meeting of the General Assembly's Committee on Colonial Churches, held on Tuesday. was laid on the table, and the advice of the Commission on this matter was craved.

The Commission of the General Assem bly having heard the report of the Assembly's Standing Committee on Coloniel Churches, and having considered the documents therewith transmitted, approve of the report and of the resolutions of the Committee.

The following are the resolutions agreed

to by the Committee :--"The Committee having taken into consideration tl:3 letter from Sir George Grey to the Governor, of date 10th July, 1838,

and accompanying documents, resolve-"1. That the Presbytery of New South Wales constitutes the only Ecclesiastial Judicatory in that colony recognised by the Church of Scotland.

"2. That the Church of Scotland gave no authority or sanction to Dr. Lang, or the other persons uniting with him, to assist in reconstituting or reorganising the Presbyterian Church in New South Wales, which Church they held to be validly constituted in the Presbytery; but, on the contrary, the understanding of the Committee, and of the Assembly, was, that Dr. Lang and the persons who went out with him were to unite with, and submit themselves to, the said Presbytery.

"That this Committee strongly condemn the proceedings of Dr. Lang, and those who have united with him in forming the so called Synod of New South Wales, as in violation of Presbyterian order and of the duty incumbent on them, and that while they persevere therein this Committee must recall and withold any recommendation formerly given in their favour to Her Majesty's Government.

"4. That with reference to the measures which may be necessary for remedying the grievous evils likely to arise from the proceedings of Dr. Lang and his adherents, the Committee agree to refer the whole matter to the meeting of the Commission.' The Commission have learnt, with the

deepest sorrow, the proceedings which have recently been adopted in New South Wales by the Rev. Dr. Lang and others, who have most unwarrantably attempted to assume to themselves the character of a Church Judicatory, self-constituted in disregard of the subsisting ecclessiastical authority in that colony recognized by the Church of Scotland. The Commission find, that the representation which appears to have led to this measure, viz., that this Church had considered the Presbytery of New South Wales to be in a state of disorganization, and had authorized the said Rev. Dr. Lang, and those ministers who accompanied there—is altogether at variance with the were otherwise justifiable, it would have imported an abandonment, on the part of those adopting it, of the means in their power to correct the very evils of which they complain, and which they allege in vindication of their conduct; but the Commission unanimously condemn these proceedings as in all respects unjustifiable. unwarranted-in violation of Presbyterial discipline and order, and of the duty incumbent on these who have taken part in them, and calculated to be most injurious to the character of the Presbyterian Church, and to the interests of religion, in a colony most important in itself, and in its position with reference to the multitudes of unconverted heathen in that quarter of the world. The Commission feel confident that those individuals who have been misled into a concurrence in these proceedings will, on due deliberation, see the error of their course, and the Commission expect that the Presbytery of New South Wales-the only judicatory recognized by the Churchwhile they with all faithfulness follow out those steps which may be necessary for the due enforcement of discipline and strict investigation of all alleged evils within their own body, whereby alone they can maintain their proper character as a judicatory of a Church of Christ, will, with tenderness and affection, readily receive such of their separating brethren as, convinced of their error, may desire to retrace their steps. With a view, in the mean time, to impress upon all parties their duty in this matter, the Commission resolve that a pastoral address to the ministers, elders, and people of the Presbyterian Church in New South Wales, in connexion with the Church of Scotland, be immediately transmitted; and with reference to those further measures which may be necessary to redress the evils and heal the differences which have arisen in that colony, and in particular, in regard to the steps which may require to be taken with respect to individuals who, holding the status and character of licentiates or ordained ministers of the Church of Scotland, may persevere in refusing to submit themselves to the Church judicatory recognised by this Church, and to which this Church is willing to commit the oversight of such of her ministers and licentiates as may be settled in New South Wales, the Commission resolve to appoint a Committee to report thereon to the meeting of Com-

mission in November, and to make such

preparation as they may see fit for enabling

the Commission to carry into immediate

execution the measures recommended by

them, should these then be approved. In

conclusion, the Commission express their

high satisfaction at observing the resolution of the Colonial Government of New South Wales, to enforce the condition adopted by the legislature of that colony in regard to the provision for Presbyterian ministers there settled, and they earnestly and confidently trust, that they, or that Her Majesty's Government at home may persevere in that course by which the discipline of the Presbyterian Church, and the subordination of its members to the recognized judicatories thereof may be most effectually

secured. The Commission directs copies of the above deliverance to be transmitted to Her, Majesty's Secretary of State for the colonies and the Moderator of the Presbytery of New South Wales; and they also direct a copy of the same, and of the resolutions of the Assembly's Committee, and of the documents transmitted from the Colonial Office, to be transmitted to the Moderator of the Synod of Ulster, expressing a hope and expectation that the said Synod will cordially co-operate with them so far as in their power, for the restoration of subordination, unity, and order, in the Presbyterian Church of New South Wales.

The Committee cannot pass from the subject without expressing their strongest condemnation of the unwairantable imputation cast on the Rev. Principal Macfarlan, Convener of the General Assembly's Colonial Committee, and other members o the Committee, to whose zealous, able, and effective labours, the cause of the Colonial Churches is, under God, so greatly indebted,

The Commission appoint a Committee to prepare an address, and authorise their moderator to sign and transmit the same as speedily as possible. Dr. Muir to be Convener.

> To the Editor of the Colonist, Sydney, December 14, 1838.

I feel much obliged by your favouring me with a perusal of the paper containing an account of the proceedings of the General Assembly's Committee on Colonial Churches to be published in yours of to-morrow, previous to the insertion of that document in your valuable Journal, and I request you will do me the additional favour of inserting at the same time, the following letter on the subject, to the Presbyterians of the

> I am Sir, Your most obedient servant, JOHN DUNMORE LANG.

TO THE PRESBYTERIAN INHABI-

colony.

TANTS OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

Sydney, December 14, 1838. Christian Friends and Brethern,-I cannot but feel thankful to Almighty God, Who leadeth the blind in a way that they know not," that I was unexpectedly prevented from leaving the colony for England some time ago, when I had fully intended, and was all ready to have done so, and when so many of your number had come forward so generously and so unexpectedly to pay my expenses in undertaking another voyage thither; as the publi him to that colony, to assist in re-organising | cation of a document, which I understand, and re-constituting the Presbyterian Church | is to appear in The Colonist, of to-morrow, might, in my absence from the colony, fact. They farther find, that if this measure | have led to consequences deeply to be deprecated, which, I am perfectly confident, however, it will now be comparatively easy

to prevent. The publication I allude to is that of certain recent proceedings of the General As sembly's Committee on Colonial Churches relative to the Synod of New South Wales; from which it appears that the Committee, directed as it still is, and has hitherto been, to the great detriment of the Presbyterian Church in these colonies, by Principal Macfarlan, have presumed on the ex purte documents and statements transmitted to them by the Rev. Mr. M'Garvie, on the part of the Presbytery of New South Wales, as well as in the letter of His Honour the late Acting Governor to Lord Glenelg, and without one single letter or representation of any kind from the Synod of New South Wales, to pronounce judgment on the case and character of that body, and that the Commission of the General Assembly—a merc interim committee invested with merely temporary authority till the next meeting of Assembly in May 1839, and equally ignorant of the real facts and merits of the case

in question-have affirmed that judgment. Now, therefore, as the said act and deed of the Committee and Commission, in condemning the Synod of New South Wales unheard, is directly contrary to all Presbyterian Church order, as well as to the universally acknowledged principles of natural justice, I hereby appeal from the judgment of the said Committee and Commission, so far as that judgment may be supposed to affect the character and standing at the Synod of New South Wales as a branch of the Church of Scotland, to the general Assembly of the said Church, to meet in Edinburgh in May next; submitting it to the wisdom and decision of the said General Assembly whether the Synod of New South Wales have hitherto done anything to compromise this connexion with the Church of Scotland, and whether that Church is prepared to refuse to recog-

nize the Synod as a branch of itself. At the same time, while I most willingly admit that the General Assembly alone has the right to decide as to who are and who are not to be recognized as members of the Church of Scotland beyond seas. I hereby most solemnly protest against the right assumed further and additional in the present instance, by the General Assembly's Committee and Commission, viz., that of legis lating for the Presbyterian Church in this colony, as being alike unwarranted by the fundamental principles of Presbyterian Church order on the one hand, and certain to prove destructive of the purity and

efficiency, the liberty and independence of been so eminenty successful in obtaining the sucthe colonial Presbyterian Church on the other-so long as I belong to it I am confident the Synod of New South Wales will never renounce the fundamental principle of its own constitution, viz., that of recognizing no ecclesiastical jurisdiction whatsover beyond seas. And I am sure also. my Christian friends and brethren that you the Presbyterian laity of this colony, who have already come forward so handsomely, without any previous solicitation or suggestion on my part, to bear my expenses in advocating your religious rights and privileges, in England, will in so far support the Synod' in adhering to that principle as never to submit to be treated by any church court or irresponsible committee in Scotland, as the Episcopalians of this colony are avowedly treated by their bishop, that is as mere irrational animals, who are utterly incapable of thinking, and choosing, and deciding, in matters eccesiastical for themselves. The struggle for these rights and privileges, in which the members of the Synod have hitherto been engaged, is far more important for the future and spiritual welfare of this colony than you can possibly conceive at the present moment; and I frankly acknowledge that although well inclined lately for a union with the Presbytery, I have all along dreaded any such consummation ere my brethern and myself had been enabled by the good hand of God upon us, to work out the future freedom and independence of our beloved Church in this splendid colony. I thank God that, in all human probability, there is

no danger of these important objects now. As it would undoubtedly he dishonourable in the highest degree to the clerical members of the Synod, as well as utterly unworthy of their character and standing as Christian men, to allow a single word more to be said about a union with the Presbytery under existing circumstances, I beg to inform you, my Christian friends and brethern, that it is my intention to proceed to England, agreeably to a former resolution of the Synod, by an early opportunity, and I pledge myself to procure a very different decision of this matter from the Church of Scotland, as well as to place the Presbyterian Church in this colony on a very different footing from its present, ere I return.

It is evident from the proceedings of the

General Assembly's Committee that the account of the Synod, as given by these very competent persons the Rev. J. M'Garvie on the part of the Presbytery, and Colonel Snodgrass on the part of the Local Government, reached only to that period when the Local Government, refused the Salaries of the Synod Ministers. Supposing, therefore, that by this act and deed the Local Government had entirely annihilated the Synod, and that the only remaining duty of the Committee was to compliment the Local Government on the one hand, and to call back the scattered sheep of the Presbytery on the other; they have certainly discharged these duties to the best of their ability, and I confess that so long as they entertain such ideas I should have little indeed on the part of the Synod, to expect at their hands, as a mere suppliant at their bar But when the General Assembly's Committee, and the General Assembly itself are awakened out of this dream, when they come to understand that notwithstanding the desperate attempts of Col. Snodgrass, the specious plausibilities of Bishop Broughton, and the anile ravings of Mr. Berry, the Local Government were not only unable to put the Synod down, but were obliged by the voice of public opinion to provide for the salaries of these ministers from the public treasury, and that the Synod is now, stronger in the affections of the people of this colony than ever, I ask you, my Christian friends and brethren, many of whom are well acquainted with the present feelings and position of the Church of Scotland, will that Church be wise, in such circumstances, to disown the Synod of New South Wales.

My Christian friends and brethren, I am your friend and brother, JOHN DUNMORE LANG.

## Van Diemen's Land.

By the last arrival from Hobart Town we have been put in possession of the

Journals of that Town to November 23. A Government notice appears in this day's Gazette, by which we are glad to perceive that an Act is about to be laid before the Council, the object of which is to promote the circulation of the dollar of the several States of South America and of Mexico; it enacts that these dollars shall pass current and be taken in this territory at the rate of 4s. 4d. About two months ag we noticed the refusal of certain establishments to take these dollars, and pointed out the injury likely to be sustained by the financial and com mercial interests in the Colony, by the occasional rejection of this useful coin. The Mexisional rejection of this useful coin. can dollar is, in fact, heavier, and contains more pure silver than the pillar dollar. We hope, therefore, indeed we have no doubt, that the Act will be passed by the Legislative Council and the money market effectually relieved from these temporary annoyances. -- Courier.

Legislative Council, Nov. 19 .- The Lieutenant Governor addressed the Council, intima-ting that a difficulty existed in the passing of the South American and Mexican Dollar; and laid upon the table "An Act to promote the circulation of Dollars of the several States of South America and Mexico."

November 22.—The Derwent and Tamar Insurance Company's Bill, and the Orphan School Apprentice Bill, passed,

Mexican Dollar Bill.—Considerable discussion took place on the motion for the first reading of the Mexican Dollar Bill. Upon its being put to the rote, the introduction of the Bill was car ried 6 to 4.

THE PROTECTOR GENERAL.—The Review of last week, and the previous number also, had a short notice of the sayings of this person in Sydney. Interested as we personally are in the facts which he has perverted, we are unwilling to make our journal the vehicle of defending our personal claims, in a case where another-sup ported chiefly by ignorance and impudence, has

cess we admit, and securing rewards to himself, equal to the merits of "all" who were concerned in the aboriginal extermination-miscalled conin the aboriginal extermination—miscalled con-ciliation. But how this man could have been so carried away by the inflated pride, conse-quent on his absurd elevation, as to utter the monstrous egotistical misrepresentations which he did at Sydney, while he knew that Captain Montagu was within such a short distance of the place where he attempted to assure more place where he attempted to assume merit to which he had not the most distant claim to which he had not the most distant claim—when he knew that the men who originally planned the whole operation, and the two men who furnished the means of carrying them into effect are both alive—when he knew that both M'Gerry and M'Kay, to whom belonged the real merit of the services for which he was so very profusely rewarded, are all alive, and may by his ridiculous presumption be provoked may by his ridiculous presumption be provoked to come forward, and each assert his own claim before the public, and disabuse the public mind on the score of the merits of this new sort of a General. It is dreadful to see the interests of even a savage people, it is profligate and foolish expenditure, to suffer the money of any community to be wasted in this foolish scheme of the Protentorate. Under the general superintend ance of a proud illiterate man, without one single qualification to fit him for the office, exsingle qualification to fit him for the office, except that of being a lazy slothful disposition which led him first to prefer herding with the Brune Trihe at a salary of £50 a year, rather than earn double, or three times the amount by hard work at his own trade of a bricklayer. Had the man stuck to the truth, or been silent where that did not suit his purpose, we might have let him mass in silence, but silent where that did not suit his purpose, we might have let him pass in silence, but our indignation and disgust was roused by reading his speech. The Members of the Government who knew the man and his qualifications ought really to disabuse the British government valating to him. Let him British government relating to him. Let him enjoy the full reward of his good luck in catching the natives. But let the British Government send a man of competent education -of enlarged and liberal mind, to undertake the very arduous and most important duty of conci-liating the natives, and teaching them the arts of civilized life. It is most disgraceful to this Pro-tector General the manner in which he either passes over or misrepresents and derogates from the merit due to Dr. M'Lachlan, for his treatment of the Aborigines when they were first placed in captivity, he it was who gave them the first dawn of civilization, and under him they had made considerable progress before Mr. G. A. Robertson joined them—and for his successful services Dr. M'I.achlan got the thanks of the Government.—True Colonist, Nov. 23,

#### EXTRACTS.

LORD CADOGAN .- When the late Earl of Ca. dogan was sent on an embassy to Vienna, he was one day invited by Prince Eugene to be present at a review of the Austrian Cuirassiers. which were a body of ten thousand horse, and said to be the finest troops in Europe: during the review, Prince Eugene turned to an English officer, who had accompanied my Lord Cadogan and asked him if he thought "that any ten thousand English horse could beat those Austrians?"—"I do not know, Sir," says the English officer, "whether they could or not: but I know that five thousand would try." This was a spirited answer, and such as the country. a spirited answer, and such as t.e question deserved; for in this instance the Prince seemed to havedropped his politeness.

WHAT'S O'CLOCK.—A very novel scene occur-red at the Wakefield Theatre, on the evening of Thursday week. At the conclusion of the melodrama of Eugene Aram, Miss Desborough, a young and pretty actress, was called forward to the foot-lamps, supported by the manager, to receive at the hands of a "deputation" of middle aged gentlemen, who were scated in the stage box, a gentlemen, who were scared in the stage con, handsome and valuable gold watch, chain and appendages. The interlude was admirably "got un" and went off with considerable celat. The appendages. The interlude was admirably "got up," and went off with considerable celat. The adv, blushing under her honors," played her part exceedingly well, and so, in truth, did the deputation; all parties appeared to be mightily excited, delighted, "and all that sort of thing," and the audience kept them in countenance by continued sounder of appliance. "Wintervision to the continued rounds of applause. "What's o'clock?" -York Courant.

A new species of paper has been, invented by ns. Massard, a French paper manufacturer, which, according to report, is likely to prove of great benefit to commerce. From this is impossible to obliterate anything which has been written, without its exhibiting some mark, and losing its original whiteness; it will resist every chemical agent; and can be manufactured of the best quality at a very moderate price. Some eminent scientific men have given their opinion that full confidence may be placed in the alleged qualities of this paper.

Russia and Poland.—Travellers who have activity with which the Russian government prosecutes the crection of the fortresses, and endeavours to carry into effect the system of for ever breaking the restless spirit of the Poles by a chain of strong holds. Besides Warsaw and Maudiin, Czaristchou and Zamosc, Lublin, Grodno, and three other places, will be fortified; and, besides this, an entirely new fortress is to be erected on another point, at the conflux of the Bsura and the Vistula. The fortifications of Posen also have been considerably advanced this year, the principal fort of Vinari is nearly completed, and all the works are to be finished within two years .- From a Frankfort Paper.

ATTERBURY, BISHOP OF ROCHESTER. - A Ropartee or a quick and witty answer to an inso-lent taunt, or to any ill natured or ironical joke or question, is always well received (whether in a public assembly or a private company) by the persons who hear it, and gives a reputation to the man who makes it. Cicero, in one of his letters to Atticus, informs him of some reproaches, a kind of coarse raillery, which passed between himself and Clodius in the senate, and seems to exult and value himself much on his own repartees: though I do not think that this was one of Cicero's excellencies. Atterbury, Bishop of Rochester, when a certain Bill was brought into the House of Lords, said among other things, "that he prophesied last winter this bill would be attempted in the present session, and he was sorry to find that he had proved a true prophet." My Lord Conningsby, who spoke after the bishop and always spoke in a passion, desired the house to remark, "that one of the Right Reverends had set himself forth as a prophet; but for his part he did not know what prophet to liken to unless to that furious prophet The Bishop in a reply, with great wit and calmness, exposed this rude attack, concluding thus:-" since the noble Lord hath discovered in our manners such a similitude, I am well content to be compared to the prophet Balann; but, my Lords, I am at a loss how to make out the other part of the parallel: I am sure that I have been reproved by nobody but his Lordship.

A FIELD PREACHER, who had been a printer, observed in his nasal harrangue, "that youth might be compared to a comma, manhood to r. semicolon, old ago to a colon, -to which doath will put a period.

Terms of Advertisements.—For eight lines and under 2s 6t. and One Penny for every line above eight, for each insertion—Orders with Advertisements must state how often they are to be inserted, or they will be continued until countermanded and charged accordingly.—All Letters must be Post Paid to the Office, No. 7, Colonnade, Bridge-street.

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