

FURNITURE, &c.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION. BY I. NONMUS.

ON THURSDAY, the 16th instant, at his Rooms, Hindley-street, at 12 o'clock.

ONE splendid cedar side-board, French polished

- 1 Handsome mahogany dining table
1 Small round ditto
6 Handsome mahogany chairs, moveable seats

- 1 Ditto dressing glasses
3 Cedar arm chairs, cane seats
2 Ditto side tables

- 1 Piano (by Longman and Bates)
1 Handsome China tea service
2 Pair of cut decanters

- 1 Iron bedstead
2 Double-barrelled guns, one by MANTON

- 1 Case of pistols
1 Capital English made saddle
1 Roll India metal tea

And a variety of kitchen utensils, &c.

TO BE SOLD BY I. NONMUS, Auctioneer, Hindley Street.

MOST substantial well-built two story houses, containing two large parlours three sleeping chambers, large kitchen and cellar, well of excellent water, and quarter of an acre of land; it is situated in the centre of Kermodie-street, has a commanding appearance, and is suitable for a large and respectable family.

N.B.—The public are particularly invited to inspect this property.

Terms—liberal.

SPLENDID COLLECTION OF FRUIT TREES, FOREST TREES, SHRUBS AND FLOWERS, JUST ARRIVED BY THE 'NAIAD'

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION BY LAMBERT & SON.

At their rooms Hindley-street, on Tuesday next, the 14th, September, at One o'clock precisely, without the least reserve.

The attention of the Public is drawn to this excellent collection of Trees, Shrubs and Flowers: at a time when every Settler should avail himself of the last and only opportunity he will have for the present season, of selecting from one of the best assortments ever introduced into the Colony.

- 20 OLD ENGLISH DAMSONS
10 do. do. do.
9 Orlean Plums
6 Grape Vines Balck and white

A choice selection of Seeds in small and convenient packets consisting of—Turnips and Mangrel Worsel Parsnips and Carrots Leek, Parsley Cabbages, Radish, Canary seed

Brown's River Potatoes & Newcastle Coals

BY LAMBERT AND SON,

At their Rooms Rundle-street, On Friday the 16th Sept at one o'clock precisely

Without the slightest reserve. 120 Bags of the finest Brown's River Potatoes

66 Tons Newcastle Coal by treaty

ADELPHI THEATRE.

OR GREAT NOVELTIES!!!

On Friday Evening, September 10, 1841, The Favorite Melo-Drama of THE BANDIT HOST!!!

To conclude with THE CONSCRIPT.

Monday Evening, September 13, 1841, Lover's Comic Drama RORY O'MORE, AND THE BANDIT HOST.

Wednesday Evening, September 15, 1841, GRAND FASHIONABLE NIGHT, Mr. & Mrs. Arabin. GIOVANI IN LONDON!!!

To conclude with THE DEAD SHOT.

Principal Characters by Messrs. Arabin, Evans, Hayward, Crosby, Allen, and Pettitt. Mediames ARABIN, Courtenay, and Pettitt.

Vivat Regina!

N.B. A Grand Comic Pantomime in active preparation.

SHIPPING REPORT.

ARRIVED.

September 2.—VICTORIA (schooner), Hutchinson, master, from Kangaroo Island. September 3rd.—CLYDESIDE (barque), 230 tons, Capt. R. Mathieson, from the Clyde, having left on the 28th April. Passengers—Messrs J. D. Macfarlane, Duncan McTavish, Robert Scott, Kenneth Mathieson, Alexander Percy, Donald Gillin, Duncanson, Imrie, & Co. three in the steering.

September 5.—D. RSET (brig), 81 tons, Capt. Spaul, from Sydney, having left on the 13th ult. Passengers—Mr. Price, Mr. Bourne, Mr. and Mrs. Crawford and child, and Mr. Gray in the steering. Cargo—Principally flour.

September 6th.—CITY OF ADELAIDE (barque), 280 tons, Captain Foster, from London and Plymouth, having left the latter place April 11th. Cargo—40 hds. tea, 93 casks, 47 cases, 2 bales merchandise, 24 hams Gorton and Andrews; 1000 planks, 800 lbs. iron pots, 4 weighing inventories, 42 casks, 3 cases, 3 bales sundries, C. S. P. 7; 65 barrels, 92 cases, 12 mats, 33 cases merchandise, J. Ellis; 205 barrels merchandise. Orders: 2 packages, J. Neas; 1 case, T. Williams; 42 cases merchandise, H. & F. Jones; 2 cases, E. Coleman; 1 case, H. Moss; 2 cases, Messrs: 4 cases, R. Roberts; 1 case, Capt. Foster; 1 case, Spelling; 1 case, E. Davis; 12 cases, A. H. Davis & Co.; 100 barrels, 200 casks wheat, Capt. Foster; 29 boxes, 33 casks, Mack, Watson, & Co.; 1 box 2 casks, Baylton; 93 cases, 45 cases merchandise, D. Watkins; 2 cases, Bank of South Australia; 9 packages, H. W. Murry; 25 cases, 100 casks, merchandise, Capt. Foster.

September 7.—FOX (brig), 200 tons, Captain Lowe, from Lunceston, having left on the 23rd ult., with a cargo of flour, wheat, oats, palmyr brandy &c. Passengers—Mr. Grey, Mrs. Hayward and family.

September 7th.—N. MAD (brigantine), 136 tons Captain Lindsey, from Hobart Town, having left on the 10th ult. Cargo—66 bags sugar, 10 hds. ale, Hunter & Co.; 15 tons flour, 20 ditto potatoes 3 cases prints, 20,000 lbs., 4900 palls, 1 package trees, Capt Lindsey.

DEPARTURES.

September 7th.—WATERWITCH (schooner), 99 tons, Capt. Talbert, for Hobart Town.

VESSELS IN HARBOUR.

Christina, City Of Adelaide, Clyde-side, Courser, Dorset, Elizabeth, Jane Flannan, Fax, John Pirie, Naiad, Royal Mail, St. Helena, Ville De Bordeaux.

DIED.—On Friday, the 3rd instant, of consumption, Mr. Joshua Finnik, late of Hagfax, Yorkshire, in his 33rd year. His loss is deeply de lored by his widow and children, and sincerely regretted by all who knew him.

The Adelaide Independent.

ADELAIDE: THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1841.

THE WORKING CLASSES AND THEIR PRESENT DEPRESSION.

In our last we published a letter on the above subject bearing the signature A COUNTRY SETTLER. The writer is evidently a thinking, able, and well intentioned individual, but his letter is rather the ingenious appeal of a Pleader than the dispassionate and disinterested summing-up of a Judge. To use his own emphatic words, it is imbued with "the selfishness of class."

That the labouring classes have latterly been "employed in public meetings for the purpose of improving their depressed condition" is quite true; and we trust that, as Britons, they will continue to meet in public so long as any grievance under which their labour shall remain unredressed.

public proceedings of the operatives here, as we have of many similar bodies at home, and certainly never in England did we witness absence so complete of all that was inflammatory or political.

That some "of the labouring classes arrived in this colony under false expectations" is probable. What class is there of which this cannot be said? That "they were grossly deceived by interested speculators at home" we doubt. What speculators could promise them beyond a magnificent climate, a teeming soil, and abundance of labour, we are at a loss to imagine.

But it appears that the labourers on landing "were converted into harpies. They had all their own way for a time. The labour market was in their hands; and a most injudicious use they made of it. They did not spare their employers—a grand harvest was to be reaped—they indulged abundantly in good things, and thought it was to last for ever."

That the labourers finding "the labour market in their own hands," made the most of it and sold their labour as dear as possible, is quite true, and equally natural. It is exactly what dealers in any other article would have done.

But "Dealers of all classes assisted considerably in the work of mutual spoliation. Moderate returns would not satisfy—nothing but cent. per cent.—they preyed upon the small capitalist, and they have their reward—they drained the cash of the country; universally assisted in enriching with it every country and colony but their adopted one, and delayed in the fifth year of its existence a sufficient supply for its support."

The "country settler" here reasons in a circle. If the prices of necessities were high, how could the labourer subsist without high wages? and if the capitalist did not commence agricultural operations, how could the labourer find employment in agriculture? and if full occupation with good wages were to be found in one place, why should he be required to exhibit unique patriotism, and to prefer, for the future benefit of the community, another, where the remuneration was inferior?

Table with 3 columns: Category, Per Week, £ s. d. Includes Single Man (0 7 0), Man and Wife with child under twelve months (0 12 0), etc.

for till lately their earnings have been extraordinary." The country settler has already disposed of a considerable portion of these earnings to give the dealer his large profit. The surplus has in very many cases been expended in purchasing from the landowner, at enormous prices, small town or suburban freeholds, and in placing buildings thereon.

Let them be content to reduce their demands to a reasonable standard, such as employers can afford permanently to give. The just retribution should teach them wisdom. Let them now while the pressure is upon them, and so many out of employ, create a fund for relief in future—it can be best done by themselves.

Let them now while the pressure is upon them, and so many out of employ, create a fund for relief in future—it can be best done by themselves. If the prevailing feeling of the labourers be that this colony is a "temporary residence," it is because they feel no assurance that it will afford them permanent support.

That the intentions of the "Country Settler" are excellent we are sure; but his observations would have been better calculated to effect their object had they exhibited even the slightest tinge of sympathy with the parties to whom they relate. It is unfair to call those reverses which have occurred to all classes "just retribution" in the case of one, that one having borne only its proportionate share in their production.

Neither are we without hope as regards the interval. We think we have observed in his Excellency a strong desire to ameliorate distress and grievance where they are found to exist. The patient and orderly conduct of the unemployed cannot, we think, fail to produce its effect.

THE NEW BANK.

The Public Meeting of Monday evening must have convinced the doubting, if there were any such, that the feeling in favor of the establishment of the "Adelaide Banking and Trust Company" is strong and universal, and must prevail. The principle then so triumphantly established that it is inexpedient to commit one's affairs to the management of those whose interests are likely to conflict with our own, is simply one of common sense.

Union and promptitude alone are required to establish it, and once established, it may defy its enemies avowed or secret. Messrs. DINHAM AND HARVEY.—In our report of proceedings in the Resident Magistrate's Court, will be found the examinations which have taken place in reference to a charge against Messrs. Dinham and Harvey of Hindley-street. The case will be farther proceeded with this day.

published a document of very questionable character, which, altho' an unvouched and unsupported statement, is calculated unaccompanied by the evidence which has been given on oath, to prejudice the case, and cast suspicion on several respectable parties. We think such interference with the course of justice much to be regretted.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH.—An Inquest was held on the 3rd inst. on the body of a child named Payne, whose death was caused by falling into the river, at the Reed Beds. No person witnessed the accident. Verdict "found drowned". GIANTIC VEGETABLES.—We have just seen a turnip grown in Carrington street, in this city, which, entirely divested of the stalk, weighs 43 lbs, and measures in circumference six feet.

THE BRICKS OF ADELAIDE are very productive!

PEN AND INK SKETCHES OF HIGH AND LOW, IN SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

WITH ILLUSTRATIONS.

No. 3.

TIMOTHY SHORT.

The only Editorial act of which we feel ashamed, since the first publication of the Independent, is that of having once or twice inadvertently admitted into our columns productions of a pestiferous fellow, who calls himself "Timothy Short."

This Timothy Short, is short of every thing save impudence, and of that article he possesses enough to supply the whole Bar of South Australia—if any deficiency existed there.

He sometimes affects to be witty, but only succeeds in being malicious. There is nothing epigrammatic about him except his figure, which has the brevity, but not the point of an epigram.

We think our readers that although we have known him long we have never disgraced ourselves by shaking hands with him. Nothing shall ever induce us to do so; on the contrary, we tell him to his teeth, that he has a disgrace to the colony—a base, malevolent, reckless, literary assassin!

We know we speak warmly, for we feel indignantly. It may be that we write libels of him—so be it. Let him bring his actions—let them "lie" if they can. In doing so, they will only imitate himself. His very name is a falsehood—he was not christened "Timothy," and his surname is not "Short."

Why came he here? Are not the reasons obvious? What became of the two children who were missing just before he sailed? Look again at his countenance reader, and as if it reminds you of Burke, not Edmund of "the sublime and beautiful," but the other gentleman of the name, celebrated for his mastery treatment of several subjects, and who in the end rose to eminence!

Did he come here because his modesty could not brook similar exaltation? Then why did he not choose one of the neighbouring colonies rather than this? There he could have associated with kindred spirits. We have been told that he scribbles well in the tender, the pathetic, and the reflective. We do not believe it. We will not believe that he ever raises his eyes above the foul sty at which he feeds.

Perhaps he will be flinging his coarse trash at ourselves by and bye—calling us the Adle-head Independent—or something of that sort. We warn him of the consequences. Let him beware. He has "taken off" the most respectable people in the colony. Let him now adopt another class of subjects, and take himself off. It is the only service he can render us.

We have bestowed too much time on this fellow. We fear he will not regard our castigation. He has an idiotic way of grinning at threats. His only philosophy appears to be

"Laugh at all things Great and small things!" We wish somebody would make him laugh at the other side of his mouth. He has no feeling for anything but a cudgel or a horsewhip. Why does not some-one who has been, or who is going to be, lump-headed by him, apply one of these